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SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT C-8271-02:03

COCA-COLA BOTTLING COMPANY
OF NORTHERN NEW ENGLAND, INC., PROPERTY
ROUTE 14
EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT

SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT C-8271-02:03

COCA-COLA BOTTLING COMPANY OF NORTHERN NEW ENGLAND, INC., PROPERTY ROUTE 14 EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT

PREPARED FOR

Mr. Edward Bryan
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PREPARED BY

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The subject property is located in a mixed residential, commercial and industrial setting on the west of Route 14 in East Montpelier, Vermont. The property is currently the site of a Coca-Cola distribution warehouse and sales office.

Purpose

The purpose of the investigation was to collect sufficient information to assess the extent of a documented release of gasoline and diesel fuel to the environment on the subject property.

Work Scope

The work scope included:

- 1. A review of the ownership and site history of the subject property, and ownership and key information for abutting properties; a review of local, state and federal environmental records for the subject and adjacent properties, and a review of previously completed environmental investigations for the subject property.
- 2. The advancement of sixteen test borings; the collection and screening of soil samples for the presence of photoionizable compounds; and the installation of a groundwater monitoring well in four of the borings.
- 3. A survey of the location and elevation of each test boring and monitoring well to a common datum.
- 4. The performance of rising head slug tests in two selected monitoring wells.
- 5. The collection and analysis of two rounds of groundwater samples from the four monitoring wells for the presence of purgeable aromatic hydrocarbons, oil and grease, and total petroleum hydrocarbons.
- 6. The interpretation of the data collected to describe the site geology, the inferred direction of groundwater flow, the presence of photoionizable compounds in the soil, and the presence of purgeable aromatic hydrocarbons, oil and grease, and total petroleum hydrocarbons in the ground water.

Key Findings

- 1. The 5.3± acre property has been the site of a Coca-Cola distribution warehouse and sales office since 1973. The property was formerly undeveloped land associated with the LePerle farm.
- 2. Drinking water is supplied to the subject property by the Crystal Springs Water Company, and sewage disposal is to an on-site septic system. The subject property neighborhood is serviced either by the Crystal Springs system, or private drinking water supply wells; all neighboring properties utilize on-site septic systems. There are five private drinking water wells within 1,000± feet of the subject property.

- 3. An underground storage tank closure assessment of the subject property was conducted by SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc. on November 5 and 6, 1992. Two potential sources of groundwater contamination were detected during the assessment: a release from the underground gasoline storage tank dispenser system located near the northeast corner of the property; and a release from the underground diesel fuel storage tank dispenser system located near the southwest corner of the property.
- 4. A Vermont Sites Priority System report for the subject property was submitted to the Department of Environmental Conservation on January 28, 1993. This survey of potential receptors indicated the following: at least five private drinking water wells are located within 0.25± miles of the subject property; the subject property is not located within a wellhead protection zone; there are no surface water intakes for drinking purposes within 2.0± miles of the subject property; and there are 11 buildings of mixed commercial, industrial, and residential use within 0.25± miles of the subject property.
- 5. Soils on the subject property consist of glacio-lacustrine (lake-bottom) silts and clays with fine sandy laminae, overlying a sequence of homogeneous sandy silt. A layer of fine to medium sand is present in the silt/clay layer 10 to 15± feet below the ground surface throughout the site. Phyllitic bedrock is assumed to be present 200± feet below the ground surface, based on drilling logs from nearby private water supply wells.
- 6. Ground water was encountered 29 to 55± feet below the ground surface in the monitoring wells, and is inferred to flow to the north-northwest towards the Winooski River.
- 7. Field screening results of the split-spoon samples from the test borings for the presence of photoionizable compounds ranged from 0.0 to 524 parts per million, as referenced to benzene. The highest concentrations of photoionizable compounds were detected in soil samples collected near the former gasoline underground storage tank excavation, 5 to 7± feet below the ground surface. The results indicate a localized zone of photoionizable compounds near the excavation, from 5 to 12± feet below the ground surface.
- 8. No free product was detected in the initial bailer collected from the four monitoring wells at the times the groundwater samples were collected.
- 9. A trace (less than 5 micrograms per liter) of toluene was detected in the groundwater sample collected from monitoring well SG-3 on April 30, 1993, and was likely an artifact of the test boring program. No purgeable aromatic hydrocarbons were detected in the groundwater samples collected from the monitoring wells during the second sampling round on May 17, 1993.
- 10. Total petroleum hydrocarbons were detected in the groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells SG-3 and SG-4 on April 30, 1993 (at concentrations of 132 and 107 micrograms per liter, respectively), and were likely artifacts of the test boring program. No total petroleum hydrocarbons were detected in the groundwater samples collected from the monitoring wells during the second sampling round on May 17, 1993.
- 11. No oil and grease was detected in the groundwater samples collected from the four monitoring wells on April 30 and May 17, 1993.
- 12. The Messier House Moving property, abutting the subject property to the south and topographically upgradient, is the site of diesel vehicles, a vehicle maintenance building and heavy construction equipment. The Winchester Collision facility, located 0.15± miles south-southeast and topographically upgradient of the subject property, is a hazardous waste generator. Based upon the inferred direction of groundwater flow on the subject property, if

- a release of petroleum or hazardous substances has impacted the groundwater quality on either of these properties, then the release has the potential to impact the groundwater quality on the subject property.
- 13. Three active registered underground storage tank facilities, two hazardous waste generators, and two properties that may handle petroleum or hazardous substances are also located within 0.25± miles of the subject property. Assuming groundwater flow is controlled by local topography, and based on the inferred direction of groundwater flow on the subject property, if a release of petroleum or hazardous substances has impacted the groundwater quality on any of these properties, then the release is not likely to impact the groundwater quality on the subject property.
- 14. One private drinking water well is located 1,000± feet hydraulically downgradient of the subject property, on the Tony Dutill property. Based on the observations and analytical results of this site assessment, the potential threat to groundwater quality at this receptor is low.

Recommendation

A copy of this site investigation should be submitted to the Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation at the address below.

Ms. Lynda Wedderspoon, Site Manager Sites Management Section Hazardous Materials Management Division Department of Environmental Conservation Agency of Natural Resources 103 South Main Street / West Building Waterbury, Vermont 05671-0404

INTRODUCTION

A site investigation of the Coca-Cola Bottling Company of Northern New England, Inc., property, located on Route 14 in East Montpelier, Vermont, was conducted for Mr. Edward Bryan of Coca-Cola Bottling Company of Northern New England, Inc., from April 26 through May 18, 1993.

Purpose

The purpose of the investigation was to collect sufficient information to assess the extent of a documented release of gasoline and diesel fuel to the environment on the subject property. The areas of potential environmental concern, as identified in SHEVENELL-GALLEN and Associates, Inc., *Underground Storage Tank Closure Report C-8271-01*, dated December 30, 1992, include:

- 1. A release associated with the former 10,100-gallon underground gasoline storage tank and associated product dispenser; and
- 2. A release associated with the former 12,000-gallon underground diesel storage tank and associated product dispenser.

Work Scope

The work scope included:

- 1. A review of the ownership and site history of the subject property, and ownership and key information for abutting properties; a review of local, state and federal environmental records for the subject and adjacent properties, and a review of previously completed environmental investigations for the subject property.
- 2. The advancement of sixteen test borings; the collection and screening of soil samples for the presence of photoionizable compounds; and the installation of a groundwater monitoring well in four of the borings.
- 3. A survey of the location and elevation of each test boring and monitoring well to a common datum.
- 4. The performance of rising head slug tests in two selected monitoring wells.
- 5. The collection and analysis of two rounds of groundwater samples from the four monitoring wells for the presence of purgeable aromatic hydrocarbons, oil and grease, and total petroleum hydrocarbons.
- 6. The interpretation of the data collected to describe the site geology, the inferred direction of groundwater flow, the presence of photoionizable compounds in the soil, and the presence of purgeable aromatic hydrocarbons, oil and grease, and total petroleum hydrocarbons in the ground water.

This investigation is subject to the limitations stated in the Limitations section and to the Master Consulting Agreement P-8242-01, dated October 5, 1992.

Site Characterization

The subject property is located in a mixed residential, commercial and industrial setting on the west side of Route 14 in East Montpelier, Vermont (Figure 1). The 5.3± acre property is the site of a Coca-Cola distribution warehouse and sales office.

The pre-engineered warehouse building on the property is a single-story, 17,000± square-foot steel-framed structure, set upon a concrete slab foundation. The attached shed along the south wall of the warehouse occupies 250± square feet, and is a steel-framed structure set upon a concrete slab foundation. The building is heated by an oil-fired forced hot air furnace, located in a utility room adjacent to the office area within the warehouse. Fuel for the furnace is stored in two 275-gallon above-ground storage tanks, also located in the interior of the warehouse. There are no known underground storage tanks currently located on the subject property.

Drinking water is supplied to the subject property by the Crystal Springs Water Company, and sewage disposal is to an on-site septic system. The subject property neighborhood is serviced either by the Crystal Springs system, or private drinking water supply wells; all neighboring properties utilize on-site septic systems. There are five private drinking water wells within 1,000± feet of the subject property; five public water supply wells are located between 0.75± miles and 2.0± miles north and northeast of the subject property.

According to the Surficial Geologic Map of Vermont, published by the United States Geologic Survey (1970), the area of the subject property is underlain by post-glacial lacustrine (lake) deposits of the Burlington and Shelbourne Drifts, which are characterized by a mixture of clay and silt. This type of soil tends to be poorly drained and has a low permeability to groundwater flow. Regionally, the highland areas in the neighborhood of the subject property are generally covered by 0 to 15± feet of sandy tills, while the lowland drainage areas are typically underlain by 0 to 200± feet of lake-deposited silts. Specifically, the topographic high east of the subject property across Route 14 is underlain by a thin layer of highly permeable eolian (dune) sands.

Based on the report titled *Groundwater Resources of the Barre-Montpelier Area, Vermont*, published by the Vermont Department of Water Resources and the United States Geologic Survey (Hodges, A.L., et al., 1976), the subject property is not located on a mapped sand and gravel aquifer. According to the report *Geology for Environmental Planning in the Barre-Montpelier Region*, published by the Vermont Department of Water Resources and the United States Geologic Survey (Stewart, David P., et al., 1971), groundwater is a "limited resource" in the neighborhood of the subject property due to the predominantly clay-rich overburden.

According to the map Bedrock Geology of the Montpelier Quadrangle, Vermont, published by the United States Geologic Survey (Geologic Quadrangle Map No. GQ-79, Wallace M. Cady, 1956), the area of the subject property is underlain by bedrock consisting of the interbedded phyllites and meta-limestones of the Waits River Formation. This unit is highly fractured, vertically folded, and cut by igneous dikes, with structural features trending regionally from southwest to northeast. Bedrock in the lowland areas in the neighborhood of the subject property typically lies 200± feet below the ground surface; no bedrock outcrops were observed on the subject property.

The topography in the neighborhood of the subject property generally slopes downward to the west to Route 14, and then to the southwest along an unnamed drainage stream. The topography of the property is generally level in the area of the warehouse, and drops steeply to the west and south into drainage swales. The topography of developed portion of the subject property varies from at grade to generally above grade relative to Route 14. The majority of the property not occupied by the warehouse or asphalt paving is covered by lawn or meadow grass.

According to the records at the Town of East Montpelier Assessor's Office, abutters to the subject property (Figure 2) and their uses include:

TABLE I. Abutters to the Subject Property.

	Abutter	Land Use
North (across	s access road):	
	Washington Electric Cooperative, Inc.	undeveloped land
East (across	Route 14):	
,	Clyde Holt	residence; undeveloped
Southeast (a	cross Route 14):	
	J.A. LeGuerre	Winchester Collision
South:	Norman L. Messier	Messier House Moving
Southwest:	Whistling Arrow Archery Club	clubhouse; undeveloped
West:	Douglas Bressette	Montpelier Wood Works, Inc (vacant building)

Three active registered underground storage tank facilities and three hazardous waste generators are located within 0.25± miles of the subject property, and are discussed in the Environmental Records and Information Review section below.

SITE BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Site History

According to the records at the Town of East Montpelier Assessor's Office, the subject property is listed on Tax Map 12 as Lot 38, and has been owned by the Coca-Cola Bottling Company of Northern New England, Inc., since October 31, 1986. Recent ownership of the subject property was recorded as follows:

TABLE II. History of Property Owners.

Property Owner	Date of Transfer
Coca Cola Bottling Company of NNE, Inc.	October 31, 1986
Coca Cola Bottling Company of New York, Inc.	July 20, 1972
Washington Electric Cooperative, Inc.	N/A
LaPerle Family Farm	N/A

The previously undeveloped property became the site of the Coca-Cola regional distribution warehouse and field sales office in 1973. A 10,100-gallon underground gasoline storage tank and a 4,000-gallon No. 2 fuel oil storage tank were installed at the site in 1973. A 12,000-gallon

underground diesel storage tank was installed at the site in 1982. All three tanks were removed from the site in 1992.

Previous Investigations

Environmental investigation reports on file with the Vermont Agency of Natural Resources, Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC), Hazardous Materials Management Division for the subject property were reviewed, and are summarized below.

Underground Storage Tank Closure Assessment

An underground storage tank closure assessment of the subject property was conducted by SHEVENELL-GALLEN and Associates, Inc. (Report C-8271-01, dated December 30, 1992) to evaluate the site with respect to potential liability exposure as expressed in Vermont Statutes Annotated Title 10, Chapter 59 the Vermont Underground Liquid Storage Tank Law.

The underground storage tank closure assessment included: the observation of the removal of three underground (gasoline, diesel and No. 2 fuel oil) storage tank systems; the inspection of the integrity of the tanks; the on-site screening of soil samples for the presence of photoionizable compounds; and the collection and analyses of five soil samples for the presence of volatile organic compounds, total petroleum hydrocarbons, and total gasoline. Key findings noted in the report were as follows:

- The three tanks were excavated and removed from the ground on November 5 and 6, 1992. No holes, punctures, or seam leaks were observed on the tanks. Odors and soil staining indicating historic releases of petroleum were noted in the area of the product dispensers associated with the gasoline and diesel fuel storage tanks.
- 2. Levels of photoionizable compounds detected in the soil samples collected from the excavations ranged from: 0.0 to 1,460 parts per million (ppm) in the gasoline tank excavation; 0.0 to 166 ppm in the diesel fuel tank excavation; and 0.7 to 1.2 ppm in the No. 2 fuel oil tank excavation. A total of 845± tons of petroleum contaminated soil was stockpiled at the site, and transported to the MTS, Inc., facility in Littleton, New Hampshire, between December 14 to 18, 1992, for asphalt batching. An unknown volume of soil was left in place due to the anticipated volume, the need for vehicle access to the building, and limited storage space.
- 3. Two potential sources of groundwater contamination were detected during of the UST closure assessment: a release from the underground gasoline storage tank dispenser system located near the northeast corner of the property; and a release from the underground diesel fuel storage tank dispenser system, located near the southwest corner of the property.

Vermont Sites Priority System (VSPS) Report

A VSPS report for the subject property was compiled by THERMO Consulting Engineers, Inc., of Williston, Vermont (dated January 28, 1993), for the Vermont DEC, Hazardous Materials Management Division, for the purpose of assessing the potential environmental impact of the documented release of gasoline and diesel fuel on the subject property. Key findings noted in the report were as follows:

- 1. There are at least 5 public and 131 private drinking water supply wells located within 2.0± miles of the subject property; none of the public wells and five of the private wells are located within 0.25± miles of the subject property. The nearest bedrock well is located on the abutting Holt property, 0.05± miles northeast of the subject property; the nearest overburden well is located 1.4± miles south of the subject property. The subject property is not located within a wellhead protection zone.
- 2. There are no surface water intakes for drinking purposes within 2.0± miles of the subject property. The nearest surface water discharge point to the Winooski River is located 1.9± miles west of the subject property,
- 3. There are 11 buildings of mixed commercial, industrial and residential use within 0.25± miles of the subject property. There are no other potential sensitive receptors within 2.0± miles of the property.

Environmental Records and Information Review

Environmental Data Search-EDS®

As part of this investigation, the State of Vermont and United States Environmental Protection Agency records have been researched to identify facilities and sites with a history of use of petroleum or hazardous substances that could impact the subject property, if a release occurred. The source documents for this Environmental Data Search-EDS® include the following:

Vermont Agency of Natural Resources, Department of Environmental Conservation Files

1. Vermont Registry of Underground Storage Tanks (dated January 18, 1993).

2. RCRA Handlers in Vermont (dated November 18, 1992).

Vermont Hazardous Sites List (dated September 16, 1992).
 Spill List (December 14, 1992).

5. UST Program Files.

6. Hazardous Waste Management Files.

United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Records

1. Comprehensive Emergency Response, Compensation, and Liability Information System (CERCLIS) List (dated October 16, 1992).

2. National Priorities List (dated October 14, 1992).

In addition, the U.S. Geological Survey topographic maps (Barre East, Barre West, Montpelier and Plainfield, Vermont, 7.5-minute quadrangles, 1968-88); Federal Emergency Management Agency National Flood Insurance Program Map No. 500111-0016-B, dated May 2, 1983; and the United States Department of the Interior National Wetlands Inventory Map for the Plainfield 15minute Quadrangle (1977), were also reviewed as part of this investigation.

Information obtained from the researched records is outlined below. This data search should not be considered as inclusive of all the information available within the neighborhood (defined as within 0.25± miles of the subject property) of the subject property.

State of Vermont Records

Vermont Registry of Underground Storage Tanks. This is a listing of underground storage tank facilities registered with the Vermont DEC underground storage tank program. Registered underground storage tank facilities located within 0.25± miles of the subject property are as follows:

TABLE III. Registered Underground Storage Tank Facilities.

Facility	Address	Tanks (#)	Size (gallons)	Contents	Year Installed
Subject Property:	Route 14	1	12,000	diesel	1982 ^
Coca-Cola	Nouse 14	ī	10,000	gasoline	1973 ^
		1	4,000	No. 2 fuel oil	1973 ^
Abutting Properties:					
No facilities are listed for the abut	ting properties.				
No facilities are listed for the abuti Neighboring Properties:		1	5.000	diesel	1989
No facilities are listed for the abutine Neighboring Properties: Huntington Homes, Inc.	Route 14	1	5,000 2,000	diesel No. 2/4 fuel	1989 1980
No facilities are listed for the abuti Neighboring Properties:		1 1	2,000	No. 2/4 fuel	
No facilities are listed for the abute Neighboring Properties: Huntington Homes, Inc. Northlight Studio Press, Inc.	Route 14 Route 14	1 1 1	2,000 1,000	No. 2/4 fuel No. 2/4 fuel	1980
Neighboring Properties: Huntington Homes, Inc.	Route 14	1 1 1 1	2,000	No. 2/4 fuel	1980 1971

Note: ^ = removed; permanently out of service.

RCRA Handlers in Vermont. This is a listing of hazardous waste generators registered in Vermont under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), compiled by the Vermont DEC. The following facilities, located within 0.25± miles of the subject property, are registered as hazardous waste generators:

TABLE IV. Registered Hazardous Waste Generators.

Facility	Address	VT ID Number	Type of Generator
Subject Property: No facilities are listed for the subject	t property.		
Abutting Properties: No facilities are listed for the abutti	ng properties.		

Note: S = <100 kilograms per month.

This is a listing of facilities that generate or dispose of hazardous waste and is not a record of facilities with environmental infractions.

Vermont Hazardous Sites List. This is a listing published by the Vermont DEC and includes petroleum as well as non-petroleum sites. The following property is listed as a hazardous site:

TABLE V. Listed Hazardous Sites.

Facility	Address	ID Number	Project Status
Subject Property: Coca-Cola	Route 14, East Montpelier	92-1330	USTs removed, soil impacted; further investigation in progress
Abutting Properties: No sites are listed for the	e abutting properties.		
Neighboring Propert No sites are listed for th	ies: e neighboring properties.		

Vermont Spill List. This is a listing of spills registered in Vermont, compiled by the DEC. No listed spill incidents were located within 0.25± miles of the subject property.

Underground Storage Tank Program Files. Coca-Cola (Subject Property), Route 14, State File No. 4766653, LUST Site No. 921330. According to a Vermont Underground Storage Tanks Program closure assessment form dated November 16, 1992, releases of gasoline and diesel fuel in the areas of the product dispensers on the subject property resulted in soil contamination of an unknown extent. Approximately 644 cubic yards of soil were stockpiled at the site for later disposal by off-site asphalt batching; an unknown volume of contaminated soil was left in place pending a Site Assessment of the property under the Vermont Petroleum Cleanup Fund. Copies of the facility registration and closure assessment form for the subject property are included in Appendix A.

Northlight Studio Press, Route 14, State File No. 4790565. According to a Vermont Notification for Underground Storage Tanks form, dated March 5, 1986, two No. 2 fuel oil tanks listed for this site are located on the north side of the east wing of the building on the property.

Huntington Homes, Inc., Route 14, State File No. 0001681-793. According to a Vermont Notification for Underground Storage Tanks form, dated September 5, 1989, a 5,000-gallon diesel fuel tank was installed at the site on June 15, 1989, at a location 100± feet south of the west end of the manufacturing building on the property.

Washington Electric Cooperative, Inc., Route 14, State File No. 0001019. According to a Vermont Notification for Underground Storage Tanks form, dated January 21, 1988, one 2,000-gallon underground diesel fuel storage tank was removed from the Washington Electric site on that date. No soil contamination was observed, and two monitoring wells were already in place at the site; no further actions were required by the DEC at that time.

Hazardous Waste Management Files. Coca-Cola, Route 14. According to a status determination inspection by a representative of the State of Vermont, dated April 1, 1988, the subject property is not a generator of hazardous wastes. A copy of the facility inspection form is included in Appendix A.

Northlight Studio Press, Route 14. According to a status determination inspection by a representative of the State of Vermont, dated July 12, 1988, Northlight Studio Press is a small-quantity generator of waste inks, solvents, hydraulic oil, waste machine oil, and photochemical compounds. Until 1984, all liquid wastes were discharged directly to an on-site septic leachfield;

by 1988, the wastes were being stored on-site in 30-gallon drums. The representative instructed the owner to properly store and dispose of the noted wastes.

Washington Electric Cooperative, Inc., Route 14. According to a status determination inspection by a representative of the State of Vermont, dated September 20, 1989, Washington Electric is a small-quantity generator of waste polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) oils, spent solvents, waste motor oil, and batteries. The PCB oils were stored on-site in a 500-gallon skid tank; the waste oil was burned in an energy-recovery system; the spent solvent was returned to the distributor; and the batteries were sold as scrap. A concrete chamber for the PCB-oil tank was being planned at that time; numerous transformers were stored at the site. No actions were taken by the representative at that time.

Winchester Collision Repair, Route 14. According to a status determination inspection by a representative of the State of Vermont, dated December 14, 1988, Winchester Collision is a small-quantity generator of spent paint thinners and waste motor oil, which were stored on-site in 5-gallon cans. The representative instructed the owner to properly store and dispose of the noted wastes.

United States Environmental Protection Agency Records

EPA CERCLIS List. The CERCLIS list is a listing of sites currently identified under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (SuperFund). There are no listed sites within 1.0± miles of the subject property.

EPA National Priorities List (NPL). This is a ranking of CERCLA sites, created by the EPA, based primarily on each state's designation of top priority sites for cleanup, and the potential of each site to endanger the public health or the environment. There are no listed sites within 1.0± miles of the subject property.

Other Information Sources

U.S. Geological Survey Topographic Map. The warehouse on the subject property and several other buildings along Route 14 are visible on the map, including the abutting Washington Electric Cooperative, Messier House Moving, and Winchester Collision facilities, and the Holt residence. Topography in the area of the subject property slopes generally downward to the west, toward the Winooski River; local surface drainage is to the southwest.

Flood Map. The subject property is located outside the 500-year flood plain associated with the Winooski River.

Wetlands Map. No federally designated wetlands are located on, or adjacent to, the subject property.

State and Municipal Contacts

Vermont Department of Fish and Wildlife. According to a May 18, 1993, correspondence from Mr. Everett Marshall, no significant natural communities, or rare, threatened, or endangered species, are recorded for the neighborhood of the subject property. However, Mr. Marshall indicated that a biological evaluation of this area has not been made by the Vermont Nongame and Natural Heritage Program (NNHP), and a site-specific survey of the subject property would be

necessary to determine the presence or absence of any regulated species. A copy of this letter is included in Appendix A.

Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation. Solid Waste Division. In a conversation on April 29, 1993, Ms. Kathy Perkins of the Vermont DEC, Solid Waste Division, indicated that the state had no record of landfills or solid waste sites within 1.0± miles of the subject property.

Water Resources Division. In a conversation on May 18, 1993, Mr. James Ashley of the Vermont DEC, Water Resources Division, indicated that the state lists eight private drinking water wells located within 2,000± feet of the subject property. These well locations, listed below, are presented in Figure 3.

TABLE VI. DEC Water Resource Division Basic Well Data List.

Well No.	Well Owner	Yield (gal/min)	Total Depth (feet)	Depth to Bedrock (feet)	Static Water Level (feet BGS)	Distance and Direction from subject property
20 393 340 312 83 80 341 277	Clyde Holt* John Mascitti A.J. Leguerre Winchester Collision*† Messier House Moving Northlight Studios† Huntington Homes Tony Dutill		300 148 305 125 265 370 245 175	205 44 6 50 15 170 232 65	40 N/A N/A N/A 50 artesian 10 N/A	100± feet northeast 2,000± feet northeast 2,000± feet northeast 900± feet southeast 800± feet south 1,000± feet south 1,800± feet southwes 1,000± feet northwest

Notes: 1. BGS = below the ground surface. N/A = not available.

Town of East Montpelier Fire Department. In a conversation on May 28, 1993, Volunteer Fire Chief Mike Garren indicated that the fire department had no record or other knowledge of a release of petroleum or hazardous substances to the environment on, or adjacent to, the subject property. Mr. Garren was aware of the underground storage tank closure assessment conducted at the subject property in November 1992.

Town of East Montpelier Clerk's Office. According to the records reviewed at the Clerk's Office, the land within the neighborhood of the subject property was owned predominantly by the Leperle family prior to 1971, and was either undeveloped or utilized as farmland.

Town of East Montpelier Planning Office. According to information available at the Planning Office, the majority of the subject property neighborhood was formerly part of the LaPerle farm property. Portions of this property were subdivided for commercial and residential use circa 1970, and these lots were developed from circa 1971 through circa 1986. The only recorded industrial or commercial sites located within the neighborhood prior to this subdivision were the "Dairy Kool" vehicle building and product warehouse, now in use as the Washington Electric Cooperative maintenance facility; and the Whitcomb Auto facility, now doing business as Winchester Collision.

^{2. * =} property ownership updated from state list. † = undrinkable water (sulpher).

Site Description

A SHEVENELL-GALLEN and Associates, Inc., representative visited the site and conducted a survey of the subject property on April 25 and 26, 1993. A walkover of the site was conducted to observe conditions both on the site and on adjacent properties. Mr. Jerry Dumas, the facility manager, was present during the April 25, 1993, portion of the site visit, and provided additional information. Photographic documentation is presented in Appendix B.

Subject Property

Building Inspection. The building consists of a vehicle bay and a walled-off office and storage room area. Overhead doors allow truck access to the vehicle bay at the north, south, and east sides of the building. A mezzanine above the office, accessed by a freight elevator and two stairways, is utilized as a storage area. Soft drink dispensing equipment and point-of-sale items associated with the distribution of Coca-Cola are stored in the office and mezzanine areas.

No staining indicating a release of petroleum was noted on the concrete floor in the vicinity of the two heating oil tanks, located at the northeast interior corner of the building, next to the enclosed furnace room. No insulation appearing to contain asbestos was observed on the furnace or associated air ducts in the warehouse.

Five connected floor drains were observed in a line from north to south in the vehicle bay area of the building. The floor drain line discharges into the western drainage swale via a conduit from the southern end of the building. The areas around the drains were dry, and no evidence of a discharge of petroleum into the floor drain was observed.

Exterior Inspection. The subject property is located on a rectangular rise of land, bordered to the north and east by roads, and to the south and west by drainage swales. The southern and eastern sides of the developed portion of the lot are enclosed by a chain-link fence. The connected shed at the southern wall of the building was empty at the time of the site visit.

A pad-mounted electrical transformer is located at the southeast corner of the warehouse building. According to Mr. Sy Lambertson of Washington Electric Cooperative, Inc., the transformer was installed in 1973 when the warehouse was erected, and does not contain polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs).

Surface runoff drains are located directly in front of the northern and southern overhead doors of the warehouse. The areas around the drains were dry, and no evidence of a discharge of petroleum into the drains was observed.

A 50± square-foot area of debris dumping was observed in the western drainage swale. The items in this area of dumping included household refuse, brush, old tires and building debris. No items of potential environmental concern were observed among the debris.

Neither sheen nor odor indicating a release of petroleum was noted on the surface of the unnamed drainage stream located at the southern boundary of the subject property.

Subject Property Neighborhood

Abutting Properties. Diesel vehicles, a vehicle maintenance building and heavy construction equipment were observed on the Messier House Moving property, abutting the subject property to the south. This property is located on a steep bedrock rise, topographically upgradient and across the southern drainage swale from the subject property.

Several 55-gallon drums and an unknown volume of construction debris were observed on the currently vacant Montpelier Woodworks facility, located topographically crossgradient of and across a drainage swale from the subject property.

Several junked vehicles and an unknown volume of metallic and automotive debris were observed on the Holt residential property, located topographically crossgradient of and across Route 14 from the subject property.

No items or areas of potential environmental concern were noted on the other abutting undeveloped properties, as viewed from the subject property.

Neighboring Properties. The Winchester Collision facility, located 0.15± miles south-southeast and topographically crossgradient of the subject property, is a RCRA hazardous waste generator.

The Northlight Studio Press facility, located 0.20± miles south-southwest and topographically downgradient of the subject property, is a hazardous waste generator, the site of active underground fuel oil storage tanks, and had until at least 1984 disposed of solvents and petroleum in an on-site septic leachfield.

The Washington Electric Cooperative facility, located 0.20± miles west and topographically crossgradient of the subject property, is a hazardous waste generator, a PCB transformer storage facility, and the site of active and former underground gasoline and diesel storage tanks.

The Huntington Homes facility, located 0.25± miles west and topographically crossgradient of the subject property, is the site of an active underground diesel storage tank.

No items or areas of potential environmental concern were noted on the other neighboring undeveloped and residential properties, as viewed from the public access ways.

HYDROGEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION

Introduction

A hydrogeological investigation was conducted to determine the vertical and horizontal extent of the detected release of gasoline and diesel fuel in the vicinities of the former underground gasoline and diesel fuel underground storage tank systems. The investigation included: the advancement of sixteen test borings, the collection and screening of 127 split-spoon samples from the borings for the presence of photoionizable compounds; the installation of four overburden monitoring wells and a survey of the wells and borings to a common datum; the collection and analyses of two rounds of groundwater samples from the monitoring wells for the presence of purgeable aromatic hydrocarbons, oil and grease, and total petroleum hydrocarbons; and the performance of rising

head slug tests in two selected monitoring wells to calculate hydraulic conductivities and seepage velocities. A copy of the site specific health and safety plan is included as Appendix C.

Methodology

Test Borings

The test borings were placed in a perimeter $10\pm$ feet from the boundaries of the former underground storage tank excavations, to delineate the extent of any petroleum contamination that may have migrated laterally through the sandy laminae observed in the clay-rich soils during the above-referenced underground storage tank closure assessment. Test borings which were not selected for the installation of monitoring wells were concluded at the contact between a clay-silt layer and an underlying sandy silt layer, due to the lack of observable evidence of vertical migration of petroleum downward through the clay-rich layer.

Sixteen borings were advanced on the subject property on April 26 through 29, 1993, by Great Works Test Boring, Inc., under the supervision of a representative of SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc. (Figure 4). Test borings were advanced using a 7.75-inch outside diameter hollow-stem auger, and soil samples were collected at five-foot intervals ahead of the auger with a 24-inch long split-spoon sampler. Monitoring wells were installed in four (B-1, B-5, B-11 and B-16) of the 16 borings.

Soil boring logs are included in Appendix D; the boring location rationale and details are summarized in Table VII.

TABLE VII. Summary of Test Boring Logs and Well Placement.

Soil Boring	Location	Reason for Advancing	Dominant Soils	P	Bottom of Boring (ft.)
B-1 (SG-1)	30± feet NE of gasoline UST	Presumed upgradient position from gasoline UST excavation	silty clay, sandy silt	N	60±
B-2	10± feet E of gasoline UST	E boundary of former gasoline UST excavation	silty clay, sandy silt	N	32±
B-3	10± feet SE of gasoline UST	SE boundary of former gasoline UST excavation	silty clay, sandy silt	N	32±
B-4	10± feet S of gasoline UST	S boundary of former gasoline UST excavation	silty clay, sandy silt	N	32±
B-5 (SG-2)	20± feet SW of gasoline UST	Presumed downgradient position from gasoline UST excavation	silty clay, sandy silt	N	61±
B-6	10± feet W of gasoline UST	W boundary of former gasoline UST excavation	silty clay, sandy silt	Y	27±
B-7	20± feet W of gasoline UST	Establish extent of gasoline contamination detected in B-6	silty clay, sandy silt	Y	17±

TABLE VII. Summary of Test Boring Logs and Well Placement. (continued...)

Soil Boring	Location	Reason for Advancing	Dominant Soils	P	Bottom of Boring (ft.)
B-8	30± feet W of gasoline UST	Establish extent of gasoline contamination detected in B-6, B-7	silty clay, sandy silt	N	27±
B-9	10± feet NW of gasoline UST	NW boundary of former gasoline UST excavation	silty clay, sandy silt	N	32±
B-10	10± feet N of gasoline UST	N boundary of former gasoline UST excavation	silty clay, sandy silt	N	32±
B-11 (SG-3)	10± feet NE of diesel excavation	Presumed upgradient position from diesel UST and pump excavations	silty clay, sandy silt	N	60±
B-12	10± feet E of diesel UST	E boundary of former diesel UST excavation	silty clay, sandy silt	N	37±
B-13	10± feet E of diesel pump	E boundary of former diesel pump excavation	silty clay, sandy silt	N	37±
B-14	10± feet SE of diesel pump	SE boundary of former diesel pump excavation	silty clay, sandy silt	N	42±
B-15	10± fcet N of diesel UST	N boundary of former diesel UST excavation	silty clay, sandy silt	N	37±
B-16 (SG-4)	80± feet SW of diesel excavations	Presumed downgradient position from diesel UST and pump excavations	n silty clay, sandy silt	N	38±

Notes: 1. P = petroleum odor, Yes (Y) or No (N).

Monitoring Well Installation

Each monitoring well consisted of 2.0-inch diameter, schedule 40 PVC solid riser above ten feet of 0.01-inch machine-slotted PVC screen. The bottom of the screen was plugged to prevent sediment from rising into the well casing. The riser, screen and plug were connected by threaded joints; no cements or glues were used. The boring annulus was filled with filter sand to one foot above the screen, and then sealed with one foot of bentonite; a second bentonite seal was placed at the contact of the clay-silt and sandy silt strata to prevent potential downward cross-contamination. Filter sand was used to fill the remaining annulus, and either a protective steel roadbox or standpipe was cemented into place to complete the well construction. Each monitoring well was developed, using a high-density polyethylene bailer, subsequent to completion by surging the ground water in each well prior to removing at least one well volume; this process was repeated a minimum of five times, until turbidity was minimized and appeared constant by visual inspection. Well construction details for the four monitoring wells are included in *Appendix D*. The following table summarizes the monitoring well specifications.

^{2.} Upgradient locations were inferred from topography.

TABLE VIII. Monitoring Well Specifications.

Manitorina	Monitoring Well	Depth to Observed	Botto	m of
Monitoring Well	Screen Interval (ft.)	Saturated Soil	Boring (ft.)	MW (ft.)
\$G-1	50.0 - 60.0 51.0 - 61.0	54± 55±	60.0± 61.0±	60.0± 61.0±
SG-2 SG-3 SG-4	50.0 - 60.0 28.0 - 38.0	54± 32±	60.0± 38.0±	60.0± 38.0±

Note: All measurements given in feet below the ground surface.

Surveying and Field Measurements

Surveying. The ground surface at each boring was surveyed on April 29, 1993, relative to ground surface at boring B-16 (assumed to be 720.00 feet above mean sea level, as extrapolated from the *Plainfield*, *Vermont* 7.5-minute quadrangle, USGS topographic map) using a Lietz/Sokkisha C40 Automatic Level.

The top of the PVC riser in each monitoring well was surveyed on April 29, 1993, relative to the ground surface adjacent to monitoring well SG-4 (assumed to be 720.00 feet above mean sea level, as extrapolated from the *Plainfield*, *Vermont* 7.5-minute quadrangle, USGS topographic map) using a Lietz/Sokkisha C40 Automatic Level. Key site information, including the dimensions of the building, the locations of the former underground storage tanks, and the ground elevations adjacent to the monitoring wells, were also surveyed.

Field Measurements. Field measurements (including static water level, groundwater temperature, specific conductance, and pH) were taken on April 30 and May 17, 1993, using a YSI Model 3000 TLC (temperature-level-conductivity) instrument, and MEL pHydrion Instacheck test paper, after allowing the wells to equilibrate for at least 4 days (April 30, 1993) and up to 21 days (May 17, 1993). Water quality measurements were conducted after water samples for laboratory analyses were collected.

Hydraulic Conductivity Tests

Rising-head slug tests, also known as bail tests, were conducted on May 18, 1993, to determine the hydraulic conductivity of soils in the immediate vicinity of the screened portion of monitoring wells SG-2 and SG-4. The static water level was measured using a YSI Model 3000 TLC instrument, and then the well was rapidly purged by bailing. After purging, water levels were measured for up to thirty minutes in each well, to allow ample time to evaluate the effect of the filter pack, and to determine the time over which the data are valid.

Sample Collection

Soil. One hundred and twenty-seven (127) split-spoon soil samples were collected on April 26 through 29, 1993, for field screening for the presence of photoionizable compounds by a representative of SHEVENELL-GALLEN and Associates, Inc. A soil sample was placed into a dedicated 8-ounce sample jar sealed with aluminum foil, and was labelled with the corresponding boring (B-1 through B-16) and split-spoon sample number (SS-1 through SS-12).

Ground Water. On April 30 and May 17, 1993, a representative of SHEVENELL-GALLEN and Associates, Inc., collected groundwater samples SG-1, SG-2, SG-3 and SG-4 from the four monitoring wells for purgeable aromatic hydrocarbon, oil and grease, and total petroleum hydrocarbon analyses.

During each sampling round, the initial bailer was inspected for the presence of free product, and then each well was purged, using a high density polyethylene bailer, by the removal of at least three well volumes of ground water prior to sample collection. Each groundwater sample was collected using a dedicated high-density polyethylene bailer and transferred to duplicate sterile, 40-milliliter VOA vials fitted with Teflon® septa, and three clean, one-liter amber glass jars fitted with Teflon® cap liners. Care was taken to minimize the agitation of water flowing into the vials and jars, and the vials were inspected to verify that no headspace was present after filling and sealing. The groundwater samples collected for purgeable aromatic hydrocarbon analysis were field preserved with 10 normal HCl, while the samples collected for oil and grease and total petroleum hydrocarbon analyses were field preserved with sulphuric acid to pH of 2 or less.

Sample Custody

Groundwater samples SG-1 through SG-4 were stored on ice in a cooler while awaiting and during transport from the field to Analytics Environmental Laboratory, Inc., of Portsmouth, New Hampshire, and ALPHA Analytical Laboratories of Westborough, Massachusetts. The two rounds of samples were logged into Analytics Environmental Laboratory, Inc., at 8:30 AM on May 3, 1993, and at 8:45 AM on May 19, 1993; and into ALPHA Analytical laboratories at 6:00 PM on May 3, 1993, and at 7:15 PM on May 20, 1993, respectively.

Analytical Methods

Photoionizable Compounds. A Photovac MicroTip® MP-1000 photoionization detector equipped with a 10.6 eV lamp source was used to field screen the soil samples for the presence of photoionizable compounds. The instrument was calibrated with 100 parts per million (ppm) concentration of isobutylene, and was then adjusted to display values which are equivalent to benzene. For this instrument, 100 ppm isobutylene is equivalent to 60 ppm benzene.

The screening was conducted according to the protocols established by the Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation and outlined in Agency Guidelines for Petroleum Contaminated Soil and Carbon Media.

Purgeable Aromatic Hydrocarbons. The groundwater samples were analyzed for the presence of purgeable aromatic hydrocarbons including xylenes and methyl t-butyl ether according to modified EPA Method 624, using a Hewlett Packard Model 5890/5971 Gas Chromatograph/Mass Spectrometer equipped with a capillary column.

Oil and Grease. The groundwater samples were also prepared by freon extraction and analyzed for the presence of oil and grease according to EPA Method 418.1, using an infra-red spectral analyzer.

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons. The groundwater samples were prepared by separatory funnel liquid/liquid extraction, according to EPA Method 3510, and then analyzed for the presence of total gasoline or total fuel oil according to EPA Method 8100, using a Hewlett Packard Model 5890 Gas Chromatograph equipped with a capillary column and a flame ionization detector.

Results

Hydrogeology

Site Geology. Four distinct soil horizons were noted in the split-spoon samples: (1) a silty clay with fine sandy laminae in the upper 10 to $15\pm$ feet below the ground surface; (2) 2 to $7\pm$ feet of fine to medium sand; (3) a clay-silt with fine sandy laminae; and (4) a fine sandy silt, encountered at 14 to $37\pm$ feet below the ground surface.

Saturated soil was encountered within the sandy silt layer at 32 to 55± feet below the ground surface. The depth to bedrock was not determined; however, based on drinking water well logs for neighboring properties, the depth to refusal is estimated to be 200± feet. An interpretive cross section of the property is included as Figure 5.

Groundwater Flow Direction. The inferred direction of groundwater flow, based upon the static water elevations as measured on May 17, 1993, is to the north-northwest (Figure 4). The average water table gradient across the subject property is $0.045 \pm ft/ft$. The surveyed elevation of the top of the PVC riser, ground surface, and the static water level for each monitoring well is provided in the table below.

TABLE IX. Static Water Level Data.

Monitoring	Eleva	tion	Static V	/ater Level
Monitoring Well	Well	Ground	Depth (May	Elevation 17, 1993)
SG-1 SG-2	743.50 742.26 743.59	740.74 742.51 743.84	56.97 55.64 53.46	686.53 686.62 690.13
SG-3 SG-4	743.39 723.01	720.00	32.01	691.00

Notes: 1. All elevations are relative to a datum of 720.00 feet above mean sea level (MSL), assumed to be the ground surface at monitoring well SG-4.

2. Static water level measurements are in feet below the top of the PVC riser.

3. Well elevations are measured from the top of the PVC riser.

The survey data, which form the basis for the inferred groundwater flow direction as shown in Figure 4, are presented in *Appendix E*.

Hydraulic Conductivities. The calculated hydraulic conductivities ranged from 0.470 to 1.36 ft/day, and are presented in the table below. The representative soil types for the screened interval are also noted. The hydraulic conductivity values obtained for the wells tested correspond to published ranges (Freeze and Cherry, 1979) for the soil type noted.

TABLE X. Hydraulic Conductivities.

Monitoring Well		Soil Type	
	(fi/day)	(cm/sec)	
SG-2	1.36	4.80 x 10 ⁻⁴	Fine sandy sile
SG-4	0.470	1.66 x 10 ⁻⁴	Fine sandy sil

The Bouwer and Rice (1976) method of drawdown analysis was used to calculate the hydraulic conductivities. This method assumes that the well water volume (slug) is removed instantaneously; however, in practice ground water is removed over a short period of time relative to the length of the test. The data were analyzed using Geraghty & Miller's AQTESOLV Aquifer Test Solver/Version 1.00 software on a DELL 433/L microcomputer. An explanation of slug test theory and parameters for the test are given in Appendix F.

Soil Quality

The highest concentration of photoionizable compounds detected in the soil samples was 524 ppm, as referenced to benzene. This reading was detected in the sample collected from boring B-6 (10± feet west of the former gasoline UST excavation), 5 to 7± feet below the ground surface. Elevated levels of photoionizable compounds were observed from 5 to 12± feet below the ground surface in borings B-6 and B-7, and were not present in adjacent borings B-5, B-8 or B-9, indicating a localized zone of photoionizable compounds in the soil. Field screening data for the presence of photoionizable compounds are presented in the test boring logs in Appendix C.

Ground Water Quality

Field Parameters. The temperature, specific conductance, and pH measurements, as measured on May 17, 1993, are within the normal ranges for ground water in New England. The specific conductance is an indirect measurement of the dissolved inorganic constituents in the ground water. The pH is a measurement of the hydrogen ion concentration, typically defined in terms of acidity (pH less than 7.0) or alkalinity (pH greater than 7.0). Field parameter measurements are provided in the table below.

TABLE XI. Field Parameters for Ground Water from the Monitoring Wells.

Monitoring Well	Temperature (°C)	рН	Specific Conductance (µS/cm)	
	8.7	6.5	618	
\$G-2	9.3	6.5	415	
SG-3	8.3	6.5	382	
\$G-4	7.7	6.5	354	

Note: µS/cm = micro-siemens per centimeter.

Purgeable Aromatic Hydrocarbons. A trace (less than 5 micrograms per liter, μg/L) of toluene, a purgeable aromatic hydrocarbon indicative of petroleum, was detected in the groundwater samples collected on April 30, 1993, from monitoring wells SG-3 and SG-4. The detected concentration of toluene in the samples is below the detection limit of the method used, and below the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) established by the US EPA for public drinking water supplies.

No purgeable aromatic hydrocarbons were detected in the second round of groundwater samples collected from the monitoring wells on the subject property on May 17, 1993.

Oil and Grease. No oil and grease was detected in the groundwater samples collected from the four monitoring wells on April 30 and May 17, 1993.

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons. Total petroleum hydrocarbons were detected in the groundwater samples collected on April 30, 1993, from monitoring wells SG-3 and SG-4 at concentrations of 132 μ g/L and 107 μ g/L, respectively.

No petroleum hydrocarbons were detected in the confirmation round of groundwater samples collected on May 17, 1993, from the monitoring wells on the subject property.

Analytical results from the laboratory with a complete listing of the compounds which were tested for, specific detection limits, and a copy of the chain-of-custody documentation are included in *Appendix G*.

DISCUSSION

Hydrogeology

Site Geology

Soils on the subject property are interpreted to be glacio-lacustrine deposits, dominated by dense clay and silt strata with intermittent sand laminae. The silty clay and clay silt soils observed in the test borings were typically moist to wet, suggesting that infiltrating surface water is being retarded by these soils. Although the sand layer observed 10 to 15± feet below the ground surface was typically wet to saturated, indicating the highly confining nature of the surrounding clay-rich soils, there was no evidence to suggest that this sand layer acted as a perched water table.

Based on drinking-water well-driller's logs for the area, depth to bedrock in the neighborhood of the subject property varies from 6 to 370± feet below the ground surface. Although bedrock was not encountered during the advancement of the test borings, the driller's log for the abutting Holt property, located topographically and hydraulically crossgradient of the subject property, indicates a bedrock depth of 205± feet. Based on this well log, a value of 200± feet was assumed in the hydraulic conductivity calculations for monitoring wells SG-2 and SG-4. These logs also indicate shallow bedrock depths (15 to 50± feet below the ground surface) for the abutting Messier House Moving and Winchester Collision properties, respectively, located topographically and hydraulically upgradient of the subject property to the south and southeast. These bedrock depths coincide with the extreme variations in topography observed in the area of the subject property.

Overburden Hydrology

Saturated Thickness. The saturated thickness of the overburden aquifer is assumed to be the distance between the bedrock surface and the static water level as measured in the monitoring wells. The thickness of saturated soils on the subject property is likely greater than 150± feet, based on a reported bedrock depth of 205± feet below the ground surface on the abutting Holt property.

Unsaturated Zone. The unsaturated zone is the zone of soils above the water table in an unconfined aquifer. The depth to the water table ranges from 29± feet below the ground surface at monitoring well SG-4 to 55± feet below the ground surface at monitoring well SG-2 (on sampling date May 17, 1993). The average thickness of the unsaturated zone within the study area is 48± feet.

Groundwater Flow Direction. The inferred groundwater flow direction on the subject property is to the north-northwest, towards the Winooski River (Figure 4). The measured static water levels generally coincide with the first observed saturated soils in the test borings, suggesting that ground water on the subject property is flowing under unconfined aquifer conditions.

The inferred groundwater flow direction does not coincide with the generally southwest surface drainage in the immediate area of the subject property, as anticipated, but does coincide with the regionally westward topographic slope relative to the subject property (Figure 1). Based on the observations made in this investigation, groundwater flow in the neighborhood of the subject property is likely to be complex due to extreme variations in bedrock depth and topography, rapid changes in overburden lithology, and the influence of the Winooski River valley.

Seepage Velocity. Seepage velocity, also referred to as average linear velocity, is the average speed at which a parcel of ground water flows through a cross section of soil. The seepage velocity of a contaminant can also be calculated, if the effects of retardation of the contaminant relative to the ground water are known. Retardation is dependent upon not only the type of contaminant, but also the nature of the soils. The seepage velocity of ground water can be estimated using Darcy's Law:

$$v_s = \frac{Ki}{n_e}$$

where

 v_S = seepage velocity (ft/day)

K = hydraulic conductivity (ft/day) i = hydraulic gradient (ft/ft); and

ne = effective porosity (unit-less; assumed to be 0.40 for observed sandy silt).

Using the data presented in Appendix E and Darcy's Law, the estimated overburden groundwater seepage velocity is 0.153± feet/day and 0.053± feet/day as calculated from slug test data from monitoring wells SG-2 and SG-4, respectively. Therefore, an average velocity of 0.129 feet/day is believed to be representative of the overburden.

Nature and Extent of Detected Releases

Sources

The localized lateral migration of gasoline in the soil observed on the western boundary of the former underground gasoline storage tank excavation was most likely limited to the permeable sand layer, and was likely confined by the surrounding clay-rich soils. There is no evidence of any extensive lateral migration of petroleum in the overburden soils in the area of either tank excavation.

The presence of traces of toluene and petroleum hydrocarbons in the first round of groundwater samples, collected immediately after the installation of the wells, was most likely an artifact of the test boring program; soils may have been carried downward by the auger from the level of the former tank excavations to the water table, or have fallen into the annulus prior to well construction. The absence of oil and grease in both rounds of groundwater samples collected, and the absence of purgeable aromatic hydrocarbons and petroleum hydrocarbons in the second round of groundwater samples collected is most likely due to the highly confining nature of the clay/silt soils in which the former underground gasoline and diesel storage tank systems were located.

The locations of the monitoring wells installed at the site were selected based on topographic inferences, which indicated that groundwater flow was likely to the southwest. Based on the inferred groundwater flow direction as determined by this investigation, these wells are actually located nearly crossgradient of the known source areas. However, because of the the proximity of the wells to the former tank excavations, the distance to the water table, and the lateral dispersion of any downward-migrating petroleum, the groundwater sampling points are located such that a release would likely be detected in samples collected from the wells. The documented petroleum contamination at the site presumably is confined to the unsaturated soils in the immediate area of the tank system excavations; this is supported by the predominantly low concentrations of photoionizable compounds detected in the soil samples collected from the test borings, and the absence of oil and grease in both sampling rounds, and purgeable aromatic hydrocarbons and petroleum hydrocarbons in the confirmation round of groundwater samples collected from the monitoring wells.

Pathways

Drinking water in the neighborhood of the subject property is supplied from both overburden and bedrock wells. However, releases of petroleum or hazardous substances at or near the ground surface on the subject property would likely be confined near the surface, due to the predominantly clay-rich soils and the vertical distance to the water table.

Potential Receptors

One private drinking water well is located 1,000± feet hydraulically downgradient of the subject property, on the Tony Dutill property. Based on the observations and analytical results of this site investigation, the potential threat to groundwater quality at this receptor is low.

LIMITATIONS

The conclusions embodied in this report are based upon the work scope as described in the Work Scope section of the Introduction, and the information available to SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc., at the time of this submittal. SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc., therefore, reserves the right to amend its conclusions if information obtained subsequent to this report so requires. In addition, the client recognizes that SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc., services are solely for the benefit of the client, its heirs, successors and assigns, and that any person or party designated by the client to receive information regarding work for the client, shall be subject to the Terms and Conditions contained or referenced herein.

REFERENCES CITED

- Bouwer, H. and R. Rice, 1976. A slug test for determining hydraulic conductivity of unconfined aquifers with completely or partially penetrating wells, *Water Resources Research*, 12:423-428.
- Freeze, R. A. and J. A. Cherry, 1979. *Groundwater*, Prentice-Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, p. 29.

FIGURES SHEVENELL-GALLEN and Associates, Inc.

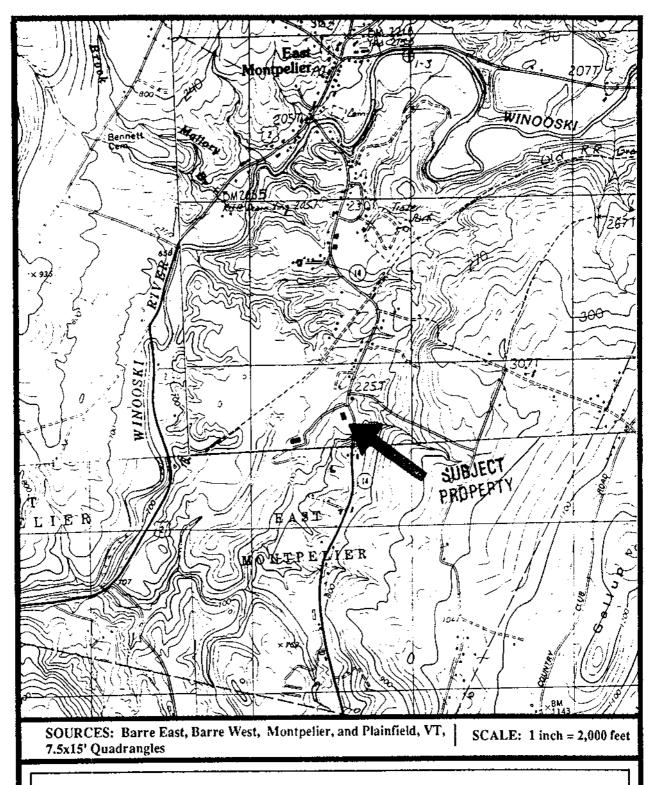
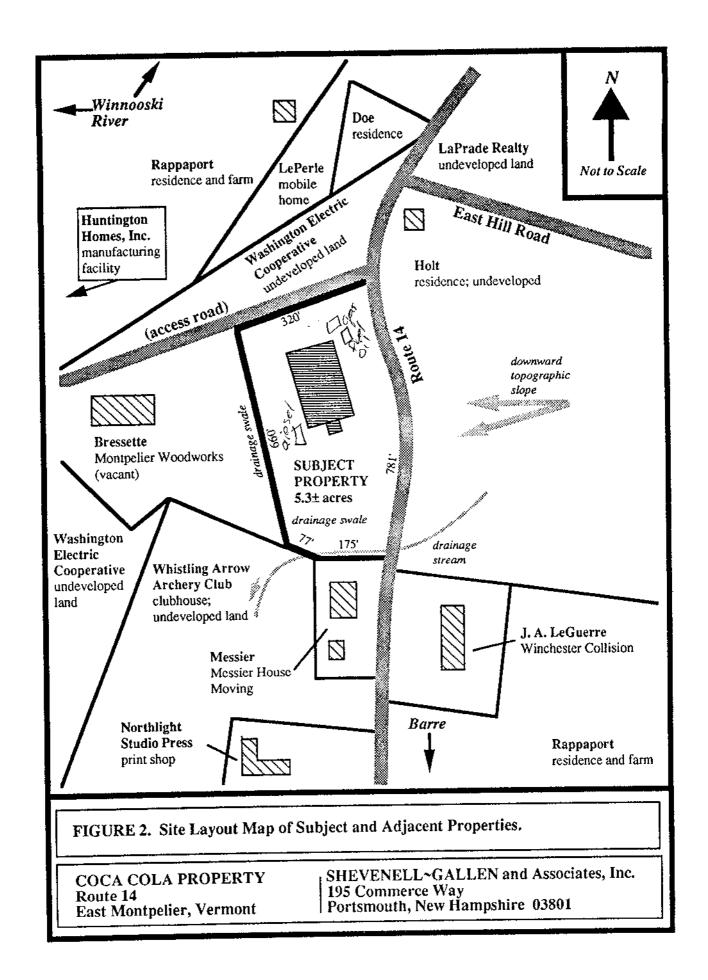


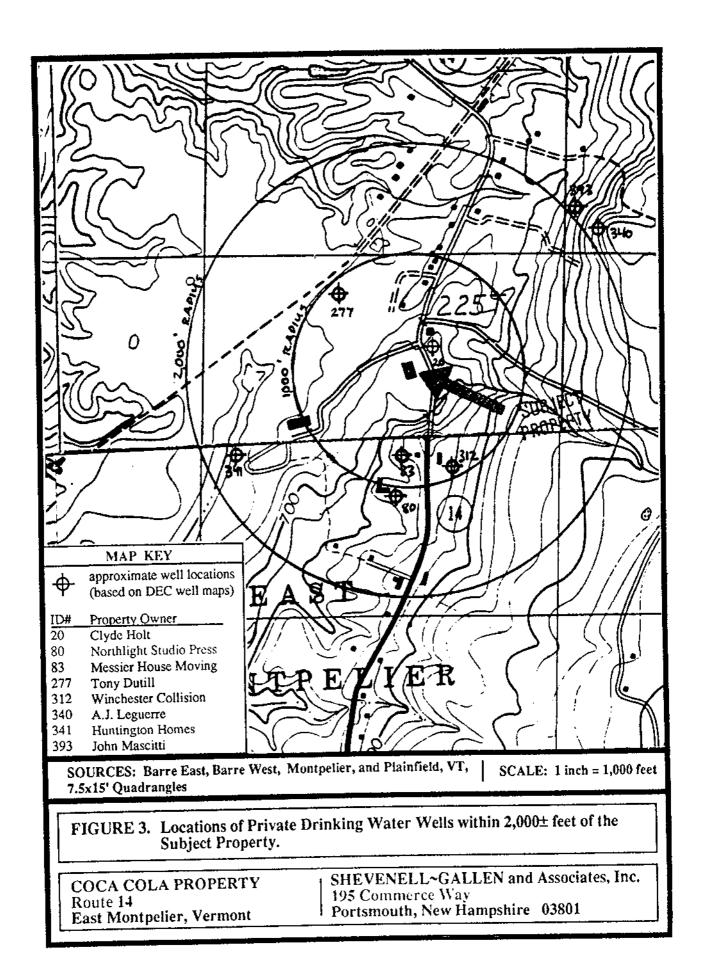
FIGURE 1. Index Map Showing the Location of the Subject Property.

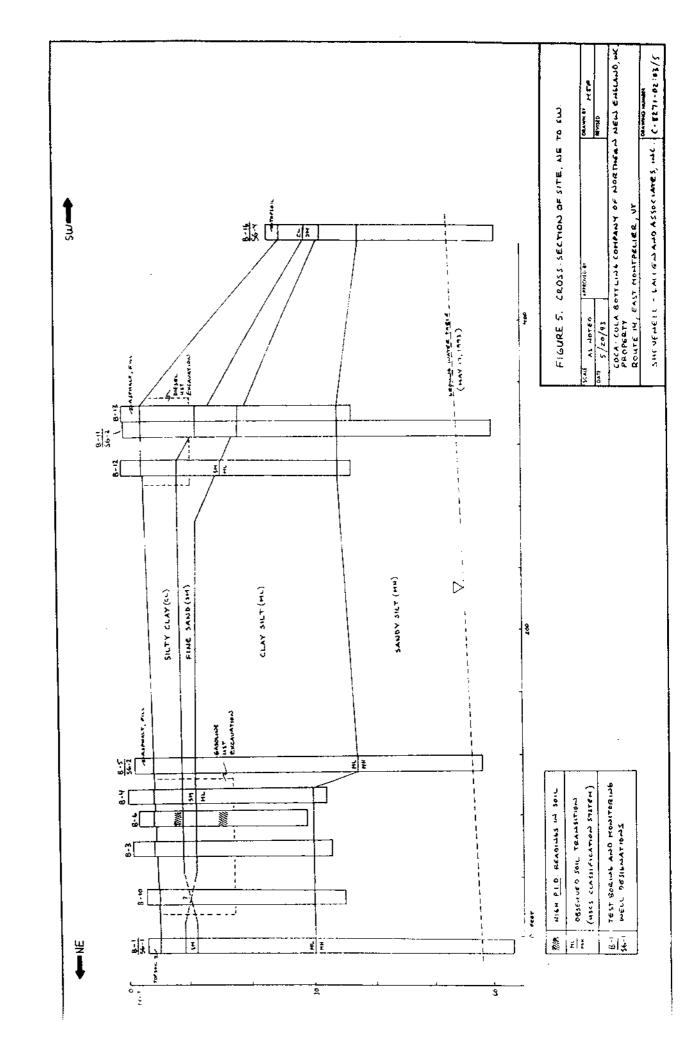
COCA COLA PROPERTY Route 14

East Montpelier, Vermont

SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc. 195 Commerce Way Portsmouth, New Hampshire 03801







APPENDIX A

State of Vermont Records and Correspondence

Vermont Underground Storage Tank Form

Notification and Permit
Read instruction sheet carefully before completing this form. Please type or print in ink all items except for the "signature." For additional information call The Vermont Underground Storage Tank Program at (802) 244-8702.

I. OWNERSHIP OF TANKS	V. SITE LEAK HISTORY (If applicable)			
Name COCA-COLA BOTTLING PLANTS, INC.	a) Year of Tank or Piping Leak 1992 Substance Leaked GASOLINE/DIESEL			
Mailing Address ROUTE 14, EAST MONTPELIER ROAD	Substance Leaked SASSETAE/DIESED			
City EAST MONTPELIER State VT Zip 05651	b) For Overfill or Split in excess of 25 gallons: Year of Overfill/Split			
Phone ()	Substance Overfilled/Spilled			
	TANK REMOVAL Year 1992 HOW MANY 3			
II. OPERATOR OF TANKS (if different than owner)	Replacement NO Site Assessment YES			
Name (CORPORATION, INDIVIDUAL, PUBLIC AGENCY, OR OTHER ENTITY)	VI. TYPE OF FACILITY (check one)			
Mailing Address	☐ Institutional ☐ State ☐ Bulk Plant ☐ Town			
	☐ Retail ☐ Federal			
City State Zip	2 Commercial ☐ Farm			
Phone ()	Service Station			
7 Horse ()				
III. CONTACT PERSON (person responsible for the				
SX Check if same as owner day to day operation of lanks)	VII. PERMITTEE (person filing for Category			
☐ Check if same as operator	图 Check if same as owner One Tank Permit)			
if different than owner or operator:	□ Check if same as operator			
Name				
Mailing				
Address	VIII. NUMBER OF TANKS AT THIS LOCATION			
City State Zip	_ 3 Number owned by person named			
	in I. above			
Phone ()	_			
IV. LOCATION OF THE TANKS	0Number owned by another party			
Name COCA-COLA BOTTLING PLANT	Owned by:			
(TRADE NAME, COMPANY HAME OR DBA)	Owned by.			
Address ROUTE 14, EAST MONTPELIER ROAD				
City/Town EAST MONTPERLIER , VT Zip 05651	IX. LANDOWNER			
•	Name COCA-COLA BOTTLING PLANT, INC.			
County WASHINGTON				
Phone (802) 476-6653				
CERTIFICATION: I certify under penalty of law that the inform				
accurate, and complete to the best of my kno	wledge.			
Printed name of owner. If a corporation, add name	and title of authorized representative			
Printed name of permittee if different than owner.	If a corporation, add name and title of authorized representative			
Signature of owner or owner's representative	Date			
<u></u>				
Signature of permittee or permittee's representative	Date			
LOCAL USE ONLY	STATE USE ONLY			
Date recorded	☐ First ☑ Amended			
Book Number	☐ Change of Ownership ☑ Change of Tank Information			
	Number of COTs Permit Fee \$			
Page Number	Check # Amount \$			
Town of Land Records	Date Received Date Issued			
Signature of Town or City Clerk	(Notification Approval)			
	Fer = r Approve			
Amends VT form of record in Book No	LUST Site Number 921330			
filed by:	Date Permit Expires 4766653			
Agency of Natural Resources Department of Environmental Conservation	Pacifity ID Number171			
UST Program, West Building.	Assessment Number			
100 Sheth Main Street	1			
A Property of the Charles	I			

PAGE I

VERMONT NOTIFICATION FOR UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS -READ INSTRUCTION PAGE CAREFULLY BEFORE COMPLETING THIS FORM-

PLEASE TYPE OR SEPARATEMOTIF FOR ADDITIONAL	PRINT IN IN ICATION M INFORMATI	K ALL ITE UST BE FIL ON, CALL T	MS EXCEPT "SIG LED FOR TANKS 'HE VERMONT U	NATURE" OWNED A' NDERGROU	IN SECTION Y TA DIFFEREN ND STORAGE T	I ON PAGE 2. T LOCATION. ANK PROGRAM	A AT (802)828-3395.	
I.OWNERSHIP OF TANKS			III. SITE LEAK HISTORY (COMPLETE THIS SECTION)					
NAME (COMPONATION, INDIVIDUAL, PUBLIC AGENCY OR OTHER ENTITY)			YEAR OF		ESTIMATE OF Q			
COCA-COLA BOTTLING PLANTS INC				LEAKED IN SAL				
RT # 14 BASE MONTPELIER ROAD		SUBSTANCE LEAKED						
BAST MONTPELI	ER	WASHIN	TON	SOURCE OF LEAK (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)			L THAT APPLY)	
VERMONT	05651	AREA CODE (802)	PHONE NUMBER 476-6653	TANI	· 🗆	PUMP	OVERFILL	
II. CONTACT		(OF TARRE	ESPONSIBLE FOR)	i!		TRANSFER ON (CHECK AL	OTHER	
NORMAN H. WAT		BOY HERE [)	SOUR DANGE D				
JOB TITLE		AREA CO	DE PHONE HUMBER	SURFAC	SURFACE WATER			
BRANCH MANAGE		(802) 476-6653	COF	RECTIVE ACT	TION (CHECK	ALL THAT APPLY)	
MAILING ADDRI STREET ADDRESS	ESS UF DIFFER	RENT FROM SE	CTION I)	SUR	DUCT RECOVE. FACE WATER O	AT WELLS IN: CONTAINMENT	USED 97	
P. O. BOX 393	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	COM.	TAMINATED SC	IL EXCAVATE		
BARRE					REPLACED		1/.	
WASHINGTON	STATE		21P CODE 05641	D PIPING REPLACED NO ACTION TAKEN				
					R (SPECIFY)			
		IONOF	-			· 		
FACILITY NAME OR OTHER			ABLE		T	YPE OF FACILITY	(CHECK ONE)	
COCA-COLA BOTTLING PLANT STREET ADDRESS, STATE ROAD, R.R						TAIL /CONVENIENCE STORE		
RT # 14 BAST MONTPELIER ROAD				- BULK PLAN		OUSTRIAL / COMMERCIAL		
EAST MONTPELIER, WASHINGTON			$\overline{}$	☐ STATE	□ *6	SIDENTIAL		
STATE VERMONT OS651 AT THIS LOCATION			• , ,	TOWN	□ \$6	AVICE STATION -		
NAME OF LANDOWNER			*		[] ~	GIVE FACILITY I	D 40	
				3/	OTHER ISP	ECIFY)		
USE THIS SPACE TO S TO CENTER LINE OF NORTH, SOUTH, ETC	SKETCH AN ROADS, 81	D/OR VERE UILDINGS,	BALLY DESCRIBE Streams and (FACILITY	LOCATION, II	NCLUDE ESTI	MATED DISTANCES	
NORTH,SOUTH,ETC √A.	.) WHERE A	APPLICABL	F		PMARKS. US	C DIRECTION	AL DESCRIPTORS	
, 4 (E)			AP.	r 1	` /	()		
~ KI	_	Cox à Plan	Charles of	}		,		
という	1301	E (OXA YEAR	M 32-513)				
	- C L.							
/4	Yes	ST S		_				
//	PENIX B	Can To	UNIT PLECIPIC	<u>ao</u>				
[//								
a with		·					}	
LOCAL USE ONLY				STATE USE ONLY				
ACILITY 1.0. NO. 476 6653 WAS			FIRST AMENDED					
ECORDED ON	3 April	1198	6IN		ENT FICATION NU			
100K NO 36 PAGE /30			CATERECE	<u>4653</u>		PSAOVED		
OF THE Town of & Montpelia LAND RECORDS.			3.20	0-8Ce				
F THE JOUNG	(TOWN)	pecca L	AND RECORDS.	Sus	an Al	Exand.	<u>3° 121 186 0</u> EV	
/ 4	_ ^				1.7.	7		
V-luis	77.2	1cm 777	un Cect				ļ	
	-		-					

TI SIGNATURE I CERTIFY UNDER PENALTY OF LAW THAT THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ON THIS FORMAND ALL ATTACHED DOCUMENTS IS TRUE, ACCURATE AND COMPLETE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF.

NORMAND
PRINTED NAME AND OFFICIAL TITLE OF OWNER OR OWNER'S AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE

2/1/22

1475 5 3455

VERMONT DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK PROGRAM 103 SOUTH MAIN STREET WATERBURY, VERHONT 05671-0404

(802) 244-8702

el a ************** Date of Removal: //-5-6-92 Date of Assessment: // 5-6-92 Person & Company Doing Assessment: Michael J. Greef / CHEVEUS, Gleen Account, Te. Telephone Number: 602.436-1490 Business Name Where Tank(s) Located: (CoCob Borning Co. of demon the office d. Sur. Number of Employees: Street Address & Town/City: From 14, Fact bantprisz Owner of Tank(s): Contact Persons Dad (Most Address: 5me Phone Number: 655, 940 Town/City: UST Pacility ID Number: 47866573 ' " ... <u>Size</u> Condition Tank 🗲 Product 1 EXSTUSAT 2 Excalled! 12,000 No 2 Fire Du 4,000 Reason for Tank Removal (check one):

abandoned routine replacement tank or piping leaking ☐ liability ☐ yes □ no DEC UST Permit(s) Obtained? DEC-Permitted Tank(s) Still On-Site? yes on 🖾 Number of Tanke: ☐ yes ⊠ no Out of Service Tank(s) On-Site? Number of Tanks: yes Ino No. of Tanks: ____ Size(s): ____ Heating Oil Tank(s) On-Site? Any Waste Pumpage? X yes no Estimated Volume: 55 6ALLANT Transported By: Jan. Linus Sazuress #1 1057 (1 " #2 170 112 (tronk) 900 8 (Dignor 1) \$ 100 0 3 3611(1) , #195 Depth: 41-155 * 2 110 Soil Type: Sily Clay Clay Clay Size of Excavation (ft2): _ Concentrations Detected with PID: Peak = 1440 Average = 4/14 Type of PID: PHOTEVAC AUCDONIC ALP-1000 Calibration Info. (date, time, type of gas): <u>k. ... / % P.</u> Approx. Amount: yes 🗵 no Free Phase Product Encountered? ☑ yes ☐ no Amount (yd3): 644 Cont. Soils Stockpiled? □ ves □ no Amount (yd³): _____ Cont. Soils Backfilled? Groundwater Encountered? yes no Depth to Groundwater: ► Monitoring Wells Installed? ☐ yes 🔯 no Number: _____ Screen Depth: _____ On-Site Drinking Well? yes no [if yes: Drock Dgravel Dspring] Public Water Supply Well(s) Within 4 Mile? yes no Distance to nearest: Private Water Supply Well(s) Within & Mile? X yes Ino How Hany? up to 34 Samples Collected for Laboratory Analysis? 🛛 yes 🔲 no How Hany? [check all that apply: | soil | groundwater | drinking water] Receptors Affected (check all that apply): residential; fof houses/people: Cioa X groundwater surface water; name/type of water body: Signature of Owner or Authorized Representative:

Date: //-/6-92 Signature of Person Performing Site Assessment: Date: 1/13 92

TRIP REPORT



Coca-Cola Bottling Co. of Barre Route 14 East Montpelier, Vermont Box 393 Barre, Vermont 05641 (802) 476-6653

Participants: Alec Hart, Area Manager

Mike Nelson, VT ANR

Date of Inspection: April 1, 1988

Purpose of Inspection: Status determination

Generator Status: Non-generator

EPA ID#: None

Waste Water Treatment System: Leachfield

General Description:

Coca-Cola Bottling Co. of Barre is a warehouse and distribution center. The company has not done any bottling since it moved from Route #302 fourteen years ago. The company employs thirty-five people.

Hazardous Waste Streams:

None

Observations:

No production work has ever been done at this site. No service work is done here either. It is all contracted out. Most of it is done by Lyon's

Actions Taken:

None

MN/mlc#398



State of Vermont

Department of Fish and Wildlife
Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation
Department of Environmental Conservation
State Geologist
Natural Resources Conservation Council

AGENCY OF NATURAL RESOURCES 103 South Main Street, 10 South Waterbury, Vermont 05676 802-244-7331

DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE

Nongame and Natural Heritage Program (NNHP)

18 May 1993

Mark J. Fisher Shevenell-Gallen 44 Exhange St. Portland, ME 04101

Re: Coca Cola Property, Route 14, East Montpelier, VT

Dear Mr. Fisher:

Thank you for contacting the NNHP. A search of our database reveals no known occurrences of significant natural communities or rare, threatened, or endangered animals or plants at this site. However, as a note of caution, no biological evaluation of this area has been made by the NNHP.

Please contact us if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

EJ Marshall

Everett Marshall Biologist/Data Manager

APPENDIX B Photographic Documentation SHEVENELL-GALLEN and Associates, Inc.



Photo 1. View of building on subject property, facing southwest.

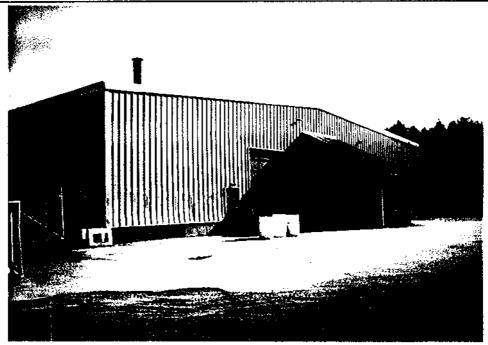


Photo 2. View of building on subject property, facing northeast.

FIGURE B-1: Photographs of Subject Property.

COCA COLA PROPERTY Route 14 East Montpelier, VT SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc. 195 Commerce Way Portsmouth, New Hampshire 03801

APPENDIX C Site Specific Health and Safety Plan SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc.

REVISION NO. 2 DATE: 03/26/93 PAGE: 1 OF 14

SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc. Site Safety Plan

Project Number _	C-8271-028-3
Project Name	COLLON / E. MONTPELIEU
Site Location	127. 14, E. MOIDTRELIEN VT.
Project Manager	W18/W2LE
Scope of Work	HI (USTER-FELLEWAR)
Field Date/Time _	4-26-93

1. Communication

Date 4/24/93 Project Manager MSY	Project Number C-8271- Project Name cockcock / E. Mars. PELLER
On-Site Command:	Responsibilties:
On-Site Coordinator (OSC) Health/Safety Officer (HSO) H55 H35 H35 H35 H35 H35 H35 H35 H35 H3	Site-specific Project Management. OSM Logs, Incident Reports, HazEv, PPE.
The PM, OSC, and HSO may be the same person fo	or work plans of limited scope.
Project Contacts	- ancaru a ac al f.
Client ED BUYANT	Company Cocted of Inc.
Client Contact BAVE LANOSE	Telephone # 802/655-9660 (WINGSE)
Site Contact JErry Ourus turnes	Company COCACOLA OC N.E. Telephone # 802/655-9660 (WINNESE) (802-655-9660)
Regulatory Contacts	
Federal Agency Reps	
State Agency Reps LANDA WEDDENSPOON,	Dec
Local Agency Reps FA	
Fire/Law Enforcement Reps/A	
Subcontractor(s) Guest warks text Banks -	- DAVE DICHME
But any waster a second	

Communication Procedures

All personnel arriving or departing the site should log in and out with the HSO. All activities on site must be cleared through the OSC. The details of any incidents should be reported to the OSC for decisions, and to the HSO for HASP procedures and any necessary off-site communications.

For sites where two-way radio communication is deemed necesary by the HSO, Channel has been designated as the radio frequency for personnel in the Exclusion Zone. All other on-site communications will use Channel Personnel in the Exclusion Zone should remain in constant radio communication or within sight of the OSC. Any failure of radio communication requires an evaluation by the HSO/OSC of whether personnel should leave the Exclusion Zone.

The following standard hand signals will be used in place of radio communication:

Telephone communication to and from the Support Zone should be established for long-term projects. The phone number at the site is (207) 233-065-7

3. Hazard Evaluation

Date 4/24/93 Project Manager HITE	Project Number 8271 Project Name COMMON E. MUTTEUS
Chemical Hazards	
Recorded Use of Hazardous Materials at Site	DIESEL, BASOLINE, #2 P/O
Suspected Use of Hazardous Materials at Site	N/A
Physical Hazards	
Known Utilities at Site 6000 1770 P.	THE CO. NET WASHINGTON TEL.
Known Utilities at Site 622 27 P. DigSafe Number and Start Date/Time # 9317	1027/4-28-93/ZAm
Construction Equipment to be used on Site	·
Traffic Areas чт. Ч	
Noise Sources μ/A	
Excavations/Trenching on Site $\mu/4$	
Number of Exits from Excavation Area	A
Operational Hazards	
Strong Wind Direction and Speed $\mu/4$	
Terrain or Weather Hazards STEEP SC	225 TO 5+W
Expected Temperatures 50's	
Access Difficulties JA	
Biological Hazards	

Additional Information/Observations

4. Personnel Protection

Date 4/25/9	3	Project Number	8271	E. MONTAGLICA
Project Manager	HJF	Project Name	cource	E. MONTAGLIEN
Basic Equipment List (BEL)			
All Field Personnel shall be	supplied with the fo	ollowing minimum equip	ment for all fiel	d activities:
Standard Clothing-	Modified Level I steel-toed/shanke	O (work clothes/coverallsed boots, work gloves, fo	s, hard hat, safe oul weather suit	ty glasses, i).
Safety Equipment-	Tyvec™ coverall	tor and cartridges, Nitrile, chemically-resistant steplaze-orange traffic vest,	el toe/shank bo	ots,
Emergency Equipment-	First Aid kit, per extinguisher.	sonal eye-wash bottle, Cl	ass-ABC 1-lite	r fire
Sampling Equipment-	Nylon cord, soil trowel, bailing be	and groundwater sample ucket, cooler and cold-pa	containers, bai	iers,
Miscellaneous Equipment-	Duct tape, well-k	keys, padlocks, screwdriv vise grip distilled water,	vers, socket wro	ench, pry- efuse bags.

It is the responsibility of the employee to maintain an up-to-date supply of BEL items.

Additional Equipment List (AEL)

All SHVENELL-GALLEN and Associates, Inc., personnel shall be equipped with the following additional items specific to the field activities to be performed, at the direction of the PM/OSC/HSO:

Personnel Protection Equipment (PPE)

Based on the evaluation of potential hazards, the following levels of personal protection for all site personnel have been designated by the HSO for the applicable work areas or tasks:

Location	Assigned Task	Level of Protection
Exclusion Zone (EZ)	buc, de	A B CO
Contamination Reduction Zone (CRZ)		A B CO
Support Zone (SZ)		а в с б)

Definitions of these Levels and the inclusive equipment are given in the HASP.

Protective Materials

Due to the presence of specific hazardous materials at the subject property, the following materials are recommended for use in the assigned PPE:

Substance	A	rticle/Item	1	Prescribed Material
PETHOLEUM	لم	ITHLE	GLOVES -	
If air-purifying respire use with the involved	ators have been authorized substances and concentrate	(Level C ions shall	and above), the	e appropriate canisters for ne PM/OSC/HSO.
Environmental Mo	onitoring			
Site activities shall be PM/OSC/HSO. The f	monitored as defined by the following monitoring instruction	he HASP uments w	, and at the disc ill be needed fo	retion of the r this specific site:
Instruc	nent	Pres	cribed Use (co	ntinuous/hourly/other)
Combi	ustible Gas Indicator			<u> </u>
O ₂ Mo	nitor			<u></u>
Photoi	onization Detector (HNu,	PID)	fer rowers	MUS AS NECDED
Coloris	metric Tubes		····	
Radiat	ion Survey Instrument			
Personnel Monitor	ing			
Periodic monitoring o chemical exposure are	f the individual workers for to be scheduled as follow	or signs o s:	f heat, cold, or	exhaustive stresses or
<u>Task</u>		Mor	itoring Schedul	e
DICILLIAN SA	479426		As weeder	>

Evidence of a medical emergency is to be reported to the PM/OSC/HSO immediately, and handled according to *Emergency Procedures*.

NO CHANGES TO THE SPECIFIED LEVELS AND/OR MATERIALS OF PERSONNEL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SHALL BE MADE WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE PM/OSC/HSO.

5. Decontamination Procedures

Date	4/46/93	Project Number_	8271	
Project Manager		Project Name	courses	E. MUNTACLIEN

Decontamination Procedures Checklist

Personnel and equipment leaving the Exclusion Zone shall be thoroughly decontaminated to the degree determined by the PM/OSC/HSO. The decontamination protocols shall be as described in the HASP. The general procedures are as follows:

- Definition of and restricting access to the Contamination Reduction Zone (CRZ).
- Equipping of personnel performing Decon activities.
- Supplying of CRZ with appropriate materials.
- Performance of Decon activities on work party(ies).
- Collection and proper disposal of wastes from the CRZ.

Personnel performing decontamination activities shall be equipped with a level of PPE equal to or no less than one level below the level assigned to the work party.

The following decontamination equipment will be required for this specific project:

decontamination solution and mixing container(s)
cleaning implements
waste receptacle/non-contaminated goods
waste receptacle/contaminated goods
distilled water
hose or hand pump with appropriate water supply
curtained shower area/changing room
eye and/or hand wash station
respirator fitting, equipping, and cleaning station

Alconox $^{\text{TM}}$ detergent and distilled water is typically used as the decontamination solution for PPE, and methanol for the field equipment.

Emergency Decontamination Procedures

The emergency decontamination protocols shall be as described in the Health and Safety Plan. The general procedures are as follows:

- Assessment by the PM/OSC/HSO of the injury/emergency versus the level of contamination present, and removal of the injured/distressed party(ies) to the CRZ or the SZ, as necessary.
- Decontamination of the party to the extent necessary to address the injury/emergency.
- Notification of appropriate emergency services.
- First Aid or repairs to party(ies) or equipment as necessary while awaiting emergency services.

6. Emergency Planning

Date 4/26/93	Project Number_	8271	
Project Manager	Project Name		EXST MOSTPELIER
Emergency Information Nearest Telephone is Located	USHICLE (CELLULLI)		·····
	Contact	Telephone	<u>: #</u>
Local/State Police	(northeries)	229-91	91
Hospital -	(17071721151-)		
Fire / Rescue	(monthers)	223-5	222
Airport -			
Poison Hotline/Toxicoligist			<u> </u>
Client/Contact Person	JEMMY DURAS	802/655-	7660
Electrical Utility	bueco and force as	_	
Natural Gas Utility	X (~/A)		
Sewer District	X (sepric)		
Water District ?	X (COMISTAL	spinnes w	ATEN CO.
Telephone Utility	NET : WASHINGTON TEL.		
DEP Incident Hotline	DEC/HMMD	802/244-	8702
Other-	DEC/HMMD E. MONTPELIAN / TOWN CLEUK	802/	223-3313
	ncy Personnel should include, in addition		
Site Address/Contact Person	MANK FISHEN	 	
	. 14 mon E. HONTPELIEN		
Major cross streets HOME			
Site Access ver. 14-	Access 11040	<u> </u>	
Neighborhood Concerns	none		

Emergency Procedures

The standard emergency procedures as defined by the HASP will be used by all on-site personnel. The Project Manager (PM), On-Site Coordinator (OSC), and/or Health and Safety Officer (HSO) shall be notified of any on-site emergencies, and be responsible for ensuring that the appropriate procedures are followed.

Designated Emergency Signals, and two or more Emergency Escape Routes, must be decided upon at the OSM, and clearly understood by all authorized personnel on-site.

Signals and Esc	cape Routes selected for this site	e are:	
_	nal 1-whsrce		
All-Clear Signa	1 3- WHIGHTE		
Emergency Eso	cape Routes 14		
1. The co	he Exclusion Zone: personnel so anditions resulting in the emergenzards have been reassessed by	ency have been corrected; the PM/OSC/HSO;	
3. The Si 4. Site pe	te Safety Plan has been reviewersonnel have been briefed on a	ed; .ny changes in the Site Safety	/ Plan.
	ment shall be available at the fo		
	First Aid Kit	VEHICLE	
	Emergency Eye Wash	VEHICLE!	<u></u>
	Emergency Shower		
			
Emergency Me	dical Information for potentiall	y hazardous substances know	n to be present:
Substance	Exposure Symp		First Aid Instructions
1cmi LE	un DIZZYHESS	, NASELU,	AIR WATHING
	HEADACHE	(retting)	

7. References

Date	Project Number_ Project Name	8271 COC4COLA	le novremen
The following Maps, Reports, and Photographs:	are attached for referen	ice:	
USTEA-MERONT C-8271-01/(12-	-30-92)		

8. Additional Documents

4/16/93	Project Number	8271	
Project Manager nar	Project Name	COC4001	18. Martenen
The following Permits, MSDS sheets, Manifests, etc.	c., are attached:	BASOLINE Diesel	
		#2 Plo	

9. Site Activity/Incident Report

Dava 4/26/92	Project Number	8271
Project Manager	Project Name	COLLONS / E. MONTRELIE
110,000		
Scope of Work		
1. IT TEST COMMES	6. ABS 5-53 MZ-5-	
2. 4 Howironial news	7. SENSITIVE WACKET	cus
3. SOIL SCHEEPING	8. STATE FILE ME	uend
4. 613-SAMPLING, XZ		
5. Scalb resting		
Tasks Performed		
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
Incident Report		
Date, Time and Location of Incident	H/A	
Incident Report	NA	
fielden Roport	·	
Recommendations for Further Actions or M	edical Monitoring ====	14

10. On-Site Meeting and Entry Logs

Date 4/24/93		Project Number C- 8271 Project Name Couscold (E. monrecie
Project Manager 65	Y	Project Name Cources / E. manuelle
with this person. Persons at SSP and HASP.	nd log-in area have busion Zone are deman	, has been designated to All workers at and visitors to the site must log-in a Exclusion Zone must also review and sign the seen established at Uchicle reated by Uchicle Thee Stabilished Exclusion Zone.
On-Site Meeting (OSM)		·
The undersigned site person Health and Safety Plans and	nel and authorized v are familiar with the	isitors have reviewed the Site-Specific and General e provisions therein.
Name	Representing	Signature
PM/OSC/HSO: MJF	SGA, Inc.	
		14/36/53
DAVE DIONNE	6070	1. 1. 2. 15 8 . 2. 15 8
Cita Entry Log		
Site Entry Log	D	Onsite Time Offsite Time Initials
<u>Name</u>	Representing	
COLACOLS ENPLOYERS		
		·

APPENDIX D

Boring Logs and Monitoring Well Construction Details

Contractor: GWTB Logged by: MJF

Drilling Method: HSA

Project Name: Coca-Cola/VT Date Completed: 4/26/93

Location: 100± feet NNE of building

Total Depth: 60.0 feet

BORING NO: B-1

Surface Elevation: 740.74 ft

WELL NO: SG-1

Wellhead Elevation: 743.50 ft

She	et	1	of	1

				Sheet I of I				
Depth (feet)	Sample Depth (feet)	Blows per 6 inches	Recovery (inches)	Soil Boring Log	(wdd) *Ald	Monitoring Well Log		Well Detail
						Standpipe Height	2.76	
0						Cement Seal	0.5	
5	0' - 2'	1,3, 4,5	18"	brown, silty SAND (topsoil).	0.0	Bottom of Casing	-2.24'	
— "	5' - 7'	5,4,	14"	tan-grey, f-m silty SAND; dry, finely laminated.	0.2	Riser Material Inside Diameter	PVC 2.0"	
10		9,10				Back Fill Material	native	l ₩1 ₩ 1
15	10' - 12'	4,4, 6,6	16"	grey-brown, clay SILT; fine sandy laminae, wet.	0.7			
15	15' - 17'	9,13, 16,9	20"	(as above)	1.1			
20		1						
	20' - 22'	7,13, 13,16	18"	(as above)	1.3		•	
25	25' - 27'	8,16, 20,22	16"	12"/grey-brown, clay SILT <u>to</u> 4"/tan-grey, fine sandy SILT	1.1	Top of Bentonite	-25.0'	
35	30' - 32'	8,19, 20,23	16"	tan-grey, fine sandy SILT; dry, finely laminated.	1.3			
	35' - 37'	19,32,	20"	(as above)	1.4			
40		29,22	1			Top of Bentonite	-47.5	
	40' - 42'	14,18,	16"	(as above)	1.4	Top of Sand Pack Type of Sand Pack	-48.5' filter	
45		28,28		(h)	,,	Top of Screen	-50.0'	
	45' - 47'	14,22, 32,37	14"	(as above)	1.4	Screen Material Inside Diameter	PVC 2.0"	
50	50' - 52'	16,36,	18"	(as above)	1.6	Slot Size	0.01"	
55	30 - 32	49,58	10	(as above)		Water Level (5/17/93)	-54.21'	
	55' - 57'	9,27,	20"	tan-grey, fine sandy SILT;	1.5	Bottom of Screen	-60.0'	
60		37,40		saturated.		Depth of Bore Hole	-60.0'	
						Bore Hole Diameter	7.75"	

Remarks: PID calibrated to 100 ppm isobutylene, and then adjusted to display values which are equivalent to benzene. No odors or staining indicative of petroleum were observed during the advancement of the boring. Depth measurements given in feet below ground surface.

Test Boring Log and Monitoring Well Construction Detail for B-1/SG-1.

COCA-COLA PROPERTY Route 14

East Montpelier, Vermont

SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc.

195 Commerce Way

Project Name: Coca-Cola/VT

BORING NO: B-2

Contractor: GWTB

Date Completed: 4/26/93

Surface Elevation: 741.86 feet

Logged by: MJF

Location: 10± feet east of former gasoline UST excavation

Drilling Method: HSA T

Total Depth: 32.0 feet

	11.6 1.11.11.11					
				Sheet 1 of 1		
Depth (feet)	Sample Depth (feet)	Blows per 6 inches	Recovery (inches)	Soil Description	uscs Leg	PID* (ppm)
0 5	0' - 2'	2,5, 6,8	24"	brown, silty SAND (topsoil).		1.4
10 ;	5' - 7'	5,6, 10,11	18"	tan-grey, f-m silty SAND; dry, finely laminated.	SM	1.4
15	10' - 12' 15' - 17'	5,4, 5,7 3,6,	16" 14"	grey-brown, clay SILT; fine sandy laminae, wet. (as above)	ML	1.5
20	20' - 22'	7,7,	18"	(as above)		1.5
25	25' - 27'	9,15 14,10, 17,17	16"	12"/grey-brown, clay SILT to 4"/tan-grey, fine sandy SILT.	мн	1.5
35	30' - 32'	8,16, 21,22	18"	tan-grey, fine sandy SILT; dry, finely laminated.	-	1.5
_						
		ŀ				
				,		
_						

Remarks: PID calibrated to 100 ppm isobutylene, and then adjusted to display values which are equivalent to benzene. No odors or staining indicative of petroleum were observed during the advancement of the boring. USCS designations given for each stratigraphic unit.

Test Boring Log for B-2.

COCA-COLA PROPERTY Route 14 East Montpelier, Vermont SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc. 195 Commerce Way

Project Name: Coca-Cola/VT

BORING NO: B-3

Contractor: GWTB

Date Completed: 4/26/93

Surface Elevation: 742.95 feet

Logged by: MJF

Location: 10± feet southeast of former gasoline UST excavation

Drilling Method: HSA

Total Depth: 32.0 feet

Sheet 1 of 1

Depth (feet) Sample Depth (feet) Blows per 6 inches) USCS	Log	PID* (ppm)
1' - 3'	CL MH	1.6 1.6 1.7 1.7 1.8 1.8

Remarks: PID calibrated to 100 ppm isobutylene, and then adjusted to display values which are equivalent to benzene. No odors or staining indicative of petroleum were observed during the advancement of the boring. USCS designations given for each stratigraphic unit.

Test Boring Log for B-3.

COCA-COLA PROPERTY Route 14 East Montpelier, Vermont

|SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc. 195 Commerce Way Portsmouth, New Hampshire 03801

Project Name: Coca-Cola/VT Date Completed: 4/26/93 **BORING NO: B-4**

Contractor: GWTB

Surface Elevation: 743.71 feet

Logged by: MJF

Location: 10± feet south of former gasoline UST excavation

Drilling Method: HSA

Total Depth: 32.0 feet

Drill	ing Method	1: HSA		10tal Deptil: 52.0 feet		
		·		Sheet 1 of 1		
Depth (fect)	Sample Depth (feet)	Blows per 6 Inches	Recovery (inches)	Soli Description	USCS Log	PID* (ppm)
0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35	1' - 3' 5' - 7' 10' - 12' 15' - 17' 20' - 22' 25' - 27' 30' - 32'	25,26, 22,20 5,8, 9,23 9,11, 10,11 4,5, 7,8 4,4 7,9 4,7, 17,20 10,25, 25,33		brown, medium to coarse SAND and gravel (fill). grey-brown, silty CLAY; wet, dense, homogeneous. 6"/tan-grey, fine to medium silty SAND to 10"/grey-brown, clay SILT. grey-brown, clay SILT; fine sandy laminae, wet. (as above) (as above) tan-grey, fine sandy SILT; dry, finely laminated.	CL SM ML	NR 1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9

Remarks: PID calibrated to 100 ppm isobutylene, and then adjusted to display values which are equivalent to benzene. No odors or staining indicative of petroleum were observed during the advancement of the boring. USCS designations given for each stratigraphic unit.

Test Boring Log for B-4.

COCA-COLA PROPERTY Route 14 East Montpelier, Vermont |SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc. | 195 Commerce Way

Contractor: GWTB

Drilling Method: HSA

Logged by: MJF

Project Name: Coca-Cola/VT

Date Completed: 4/27/93

Location: 16± feet N of building

Total Depth: 61.0 feet

BORING NO: B-5

Surface Elevation: 742.51 ft

WELL NO: SG-2

Wellhead Elevation: 742.26 ft

	S	h	ee	ŧ	1	of	1
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	au.	per es	ery s)	Soil Boring Log		Monitoring Well	Log	Well
Depth (feet)	Sample Depth (feet)	Blows per 6 inches	Recovery (inches)	our points and	P[D*			Detail
						Roadbox Diameter	9.0"	
0 5	0' - 2'	17,20, 22,26	12"	brown, medium to coarse SAND and gravel (fill).	2.5	Cement Seal Bottom of Casing	-0.5' -1.0'	
10	5' - 7'	8,10, 10,12	16"	grey-brown, silty CLAY; wet, dense, homogeneous.	3.3	Riser Material Inside Diameter	PVC 2.0"	
15	10' - 12'	10,12, 12,13	18"	grey-brown, clay SILT; fine sandy laminae, wet.	2.6	Back Fill Material	native	
20	15' - 17'	3,4, 8,10	20"	(as above)	2.7			
25	20' - 22'	5,4, 4,5	20"	(as above)	2.8			
30	25' - 27'	6,6, 6,9	18"	(as above)	2.8	!		
35	30' - 32'	7,8, 10,12	18"	(as above)	2.8	Top of Bentonite	-35.0	
40	35' - 37'	10,18, 21,22	16"	8"/grey-brown, clay SILT to 12"/tan-grey, fine sandy SILT	2.9	Top of Bentonite	-47.5'	
45	40' - 42'	10,22, 25,20	16"	tan-grey, fine sandy SILT; dry, finely laminated.	2.9	Top of Sand Pack Type of Sand Pack Top of Screen	-49.0' filter -51.0'	
50	45' - 47'	12,20, 31,35	14"	(as above)	3.0	Screen Material Inside Diameter	PVC 2.0"	
55	50' - 52'	16,31, 34,33	16"	(as above)	3.2	Slot Size Water Level (5/17/93)	0.01" -55.39'	
60	55' - 57'	18,24, 31,33	18"	tan-grey, fine sandy SILT; saturated.	3.3	Bottom of Screen Depth of Bore Hole	-61.0' -61.0'	
						Bore Hole Diameter	7.75"	

Remarks: PID calibrated to 100 ppm isobutylene, and then adjusted to display values which are equivalent to benzene. No odors or staining indicative of petroleum were observed during the advancement of the boring. Depth measurements given in feet below ground surface.

Test Boring Log and Monitoring Well Construction Detail for B-5/SG-2.

COCA-COLA PROPERTY Route 14

East Montpelier, Vermont

SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc.

195 Commerce Way

Drilling Method: HSA

Project Name: Coca-Cola/VT

BORING NO: B-6

Contractor: GWTB

Surface Elevation: 741.98 feet Date Completed: 4/27/93 Location: 10± feet west of former gasoline UST excavation

Logged by: MJF

Total Depth: 27.0 fcet

Sheet 1 of 1

				Silect I of I		
Depth (feet)	Sample Depth (feet)	Blows per 6 inches	Recovery (inches)	Soil Description	USCS	PID* (ppm)
0 5 10 15 20 25 30	1' - 3' 5' - 7' 10' - 12' 15' - 17' 20' - 22' 25' - 27'	15,17, 18,17 4,5, 11,13 4,6, 7,6 4,4, 6,7 4,4, 4,6 4,6, 11,11		brown, medium to coarse SAND and gravel (fill). grey-brown, silty CLAY; wet, dense, homogeneous. Odor of weathered gasoline. grey-brown, clay SILT; fine sandy laminae, wet. Odor of weathered gasoline. (as above) grey-brown, clay SILT; fine sandy laminae, wet. No petroleum odors. (as above) Boring stopped at low PID readings, to avoid potential cross-contamination of underlying sandy-silt layer.	CL ML	1.3 524 413 37.5 2.9 2.2

Remarks: PID calibrated to 100 ppm isobutylene, and then adjusted to display values which are equivalent to benzene. No odors or staining indicative of petroleum were observed during the advancement of the boring. USCS designations given for each stratigraphic unit.

Test Boring Log for B-6.

COCA-COLA PROPERTY Route 14 East Montpelier, Vermont

SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc. 195 Commerce Way

rujett (10: C-02/1-02

Project Name: Coca-Cola/VT

BORING NO: B-7

Contractor: GWTB

Date Completed: 4/27/93

Surface Elevation: 741.71 feet

Logged by: MJF

Location: 20± feet west of former gasoline UST excavation

Drilling Method: HSA

Total Depth: 17.0 feet

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- 01	ıetı		VI.	

Depth (feet)	Sample Depth (feet)	Blows per 6 inches	Recovery (inches)	Soil Description	USCS Log	PiD* (ppm)
0 5 10 15 20	1' - 3' 5' - 7' 10' - 12' 15' - 17'	17.21, 17.13 7.6, 7.8 4.4, 6.8 3.6, 6.7		brown, medium to coarse SAND and gravel (fill). grey-brown, silty CLAY; wet, dense, homogeneous. Odor of weathered gasoline. grey-brown, clay SILT; fine sandy laminae, wet. Odor of weathered gasoline. grey-brown, clay SILT; fine sandy laminae, wet. No petroleum odors. Boring stopped at low PID readings, to avoid potential cross-contamination of underlying sandy-silt layer.	CL ML	1.9 18.8 56.1 1.7

Remarks: PID calibrated to 100 ppm isobutylene, and then adjusted to display values which are equivalent to benzene. No odors or staining indicative of petroleum were observed during the advancement of the boring. USCS designations given for each stratigraphic unit.

Test Boring Log for B-7.

COCA-COLA PROPERTY Route 14 East Montpelier, Vermont SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc. 195 Commerce Way

Project Name: Coca-Cola/VT

BORING NO: B-8

Contractor: GWTB

Date Completed: 4/27/93 Surfa

Surface Elevation: 741.39 feet

Logged by: MJF
Drilling Method: HSA

Location: 30± feet west of former gasoline UST excavation

l: HSA Total Depth: 27.0 feet

Sheet 1 of 1

SHEET LOT								
Depth (feet)	Sample Depth (feet)	Blows per 6 inches	Recovery (inches)	Soil Description	uscs Leg	Mdd)		
0								
	1' - 3'	15,15. 11,10	12"	brown, medium to coarse SAND and gravel (fill).		1.0		
5	5' - 7'	4,10,	18"	grey-brown, silty CLAY; wet, dense, homogeneous.	CL	1.5		
10		10,11		and the second s		 		
15	10' - 12'	3,7, 6,8	20"	grey-brown, clay SILT; fine sandy laminae, wet.		8.3		
	15' - 17'	4,6, 6,8	18"	(as above)	ML	2.3		
— ²⁰	201 221	5,10,	22"	(as above)		2.4		
م	20' - 22'	8,10,	22	(as accore)		2.4		
25	25' - 27'	24,19, 19,24	20"	tan-grey, fine sandy SILT; dry, finely laminated.	MH —	1.7		
30		13,24						
_								
					!			
		1						
		1						
-								

Remarks: PID calibrated to 100 ppm isobutylene, and then adjusted to display values which are equivalent to benzene. No odors or staining indicative of petroleum were observed during the advancement of the boring. USCS designations given for each stratigraphic unit.

Test Boring Log for B-8.

COCA-COLA PROPERTY Route 14 East Montpelier, Vermont | SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc. | 195 Commerce Way | Portsmouth, New Hampshire | 03801

Project Name: Coca-Cola/VT

BORING NO: B-9

Contractor: GWTB

Date Completed: 4/27/93 Surface Elevation: 741.40 feet

Logged by: MJF

Location: 10± feet northwest of former gasoline UST excavation

Drilling Method: HSA

Total Depth: 32.0 feet

	Sheet 1 of 1									
Depth (feet)	Sample Depth (feet)	Blows per 6 Inches	Recovery (inches)	Soil Description	USCS Log	(mdd)				
0	1' - 3'	20,31, 15,8		brown, medium to coarse SAND and gravel (fill).		1.4				
	5' - 7'	6,7, 8,9	16"	grey-brown, silty CLAY; wet, dense, homogeneous.	CL	3.4				
15	10' - 12'	3,6, 7,8	20"	grey-brown, clay SILT: fine sandy laminae, wet.		8.6				
15	15' - 17'	5,7, 9,10	18"	(as above)	ML	1.7				
20	20' - 22'	5,10, 15,14	20"	(as above)		2.3				
30	25' - 27'	7,14, 14,18	18"	(as above)		1.9				
35	30' - 32'	8,23, 24,32	12"	tan-grey, fine sandy SILT; dry, finely laminated.	мн —	1.5				
-										
_										
_										
-										

Remarks: PID calibrated to 100 ppm isobutylene, and then adjusted to display values which are equivalent to benzene. No odors or staining indicative of petroleum were observed during the advancement of the boring. USCS designations given for each stratigraphic unit.

Test Boring Log for B-9.

COCA-COLA PROPERTY Route 14 East Montpelier, Vermont SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc. 195 Commerce Way

Project Name: Coca-Cola/VT

BORING NO: B-10

Contractor: GWTB

Date Completed: 4/28/93

Surface Elevation: 740.86 feet

Logged by: MJF

Location: 10± feet north of former gasoline UST excavation

Drilling Method: HSA

Total Depth: 32.0 feet

Sheet 1 of 1

				Direct 1 of 1		
Depth (feet)	Sample Depth (feet)	Blows per 6 inches	Recovery (inches)	Soil Description	USCS Log	PID* (ppm)
	1' - 3' 5' - 7' 10' - 12' 15' - 17' 20' - 22' 25' - 27' 30' - 32'	4,4, 4,5 7,9, 8,10 8,8, 5,5 4,8, 4,10 6,10, 11,13 5,12, 15,20 7,10, 11,12	12" 20" 18" 20" 16" 16"	brown, medium to coarse SAND and gravel (fill). grey-brown, silty CLAY; wet, dense, homogeneous. grey-brown, clay SILT; fine sandy laminae, wet. (as above) (as above) tan-grey, fine sandy SILT; dry, finely laminated.	CL ML	2.7 2.4 2.6 2.6 3.0 0.7
-						

Remarks: PID calibrated to 100 ppm isobutylene, and then adjusted to display values which are equivalent to benzene. No odors or staining indicative of petroleum were observed during the advancement of the boring. USCS designations given for each stratigraphic unit.

Test Boring Log for B-10.

COCA-COLA PROPERTY Route 14 East Montpelier, Vermont

SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc. 195 Commerce Way

Contractor: GWTB

Logged by: MJF
Drilling Method: HSA

Project Name: Coca-Cola/VT Date Completed: 4/28/93

Location: 32± feet WSW of building

Total Depth: 60.0 fect

BORING NO: B-11

Surface Elevation: 743.84 ft

WELL NO: SG-3 Wellhead Elevation: 743.59 ft

Sheet 1 of 1

Sheet 1 of 1											
Depth (feet)	Sample Depth (feet)	Blows per 6 inches	Recovery (inches)	Soil Boring Log	PYD* (ppm)	Monitoring Well Log		Well Detail			
0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60	55' - 57'	25,19, 16,12 10,14, 13,13 8,9, 11,10 8,14, 20,19 5,9, 13,16 12,15, 14,24 9,16, 16,20 12,27, 25,28 22,33, 41,57 30,64, 64,62 38,50, 69,67 10,33, 48,39	18" 20" 22" 20" 24" 20" 18" 20"	brown, medium-coarse SAND and gravel (fill). grey-brown, silty CLAY; wet, dense, homogeneous. tan-grey, f-m silty SAND; dry, finely laminated. (as above) grey-brown, clay SILT; fine sandy laminac, wet. (as above) tan-grey, fine sandy SILT; dry, finely laminated. (as above) (as above) (as above) tan-grey, fine sandy SILT; dry, finely laminated. (as above) tan-grey, fine sandy SILT; saturated.	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5	Cement Seal Bottom of Casing Riser Material Inside Diameter	1				
						DOLC HOLC DIVINGLE	1,,,,	<u> </u>			

Remarks: PID calibrated to 100 ppm isobutylene, and then adjusted to display values which are equivalent to benzene. No odors or staining indicative of petroleum were observed during the advancement of the boring. Depth measurements given in feet below ground surface.

Test Boring Log and Monitoring Well Construction Detail for B-11/SG-3.

COCA-COLA PROPERTY Route 14

East Montpelier, Vermont

SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc.

195 Commerce Way

Drilling Method: HSA

Project Name: Coca-Cola/VT

BORING NO: B-12

Contractor: GWTB

Date Completed: 4/28/93

Surface Elevation: 743.89 feet

Logged by: MJF

Location: 10± feet east of former diesel UST excavation

Total Depth: 37.0 feet

Sheet 1 of 1

Sheet 1 of 1								
Depth (feet)	Sample Depth (feet)	Blows per 6 Inches	Recovery (inches)	Soil Description	gor SOSO	(mdd)		
— º	1' - 3'	10,14, 18,20	12"	brown, medium to coarse SAND and gravel (fill).		0.8		
_ 5	5' - 7'	12,18, 25,28	18"	grey-brown, silty CLAY; wet, dense, fine sandy laminae.	CL	0.6		
10	10' - 12'	6,8,	22"	tan-grey, fine to medium silty SAND; dry, finely laminated.	SM	0.5		
15	15' - 17'	10,11 3,5,	18"	6"/tan-grey, fine silty SAND to 12"/grey-brown, clay SILT.		0.9		
20	20' - 22'	10,8 5,11,	18"	grey-brown, clay SILT; fine sandy laminae, wet.		0.8		
25	25' - 27'	14,11 4,7,	20"	(as above)	ML	0.8		
30	30' - 32'	12,13 13,17,	18"	(as above)		0.8		
35	35' - 37'	23,27 15,29,	20"	tan-grey, fine sandy SILT; dry, finely laminated.	МН	0.7		
40		32,38			_			
L								
					1			

Remarks: PID calibrated to 100 ppm isobutylene, and then adjusted to display values which are equivalent to benzene. No odors or staining indicative of petroleum were observed during the advancement of the boring. USCS designations given for each stratigraphic unit.

Test Boring Log for B-12.

COCA-COLA PROPERTY Route 14

East Montpelier, Vermont

SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc.

195 Commerce Way

Project Name: Coca-Cola/VT

BORING NO: B-13

Contractor: GWTB

Date Completed: 4/28/93

Surface Elevation: 743.86 feet

Logged by: MJF

Location: 10± feet northeast of former diesel dispenser excavation

Drilling Method: HSA

Total Depth: 37.0 feet

Sheet	1	of	1
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	Sheet I of I							
Depth	(feet)	Sample Depth (feet)	Biows per 6 inches	Recovery (inches)	Soil Description	USCS Log	PID* (ppm)	
Г								
	. 0	t' - 3'	27,36,	14"	brown, medium to coarse SAND and gravei (fill).		0.8	
	5		20,16					
Γ	10	5' - 7'	5,10, 12,11	20"	grey-brown, silty CLAY; wet, dense, fine sandy laminae.	CL	0.9	
		10' - 12'	3,5, 8,15	20"	(as above)		0.7	
	. 15	15' - 17'	12,14, 15,16	24"	tan-grey, fine to medium silty SAND; dry, finely laminated.	SM	0.8	
	20	20' - 22'	8,11, 15,19	24"	grey-brown, clay SILT; fine sandy laminae, wet.		0.8	
	25	25' - 27'	12,14, 17,22	18"	(as above)	ML	0.9	
\vdash	30	30' - 32'	14,15, 16,23	24"	(as above)		0.7	
H	35	35' - 37'	16,23 16,27, 34,36	22"	tan-grey, fine sandy SILT; dry, finely laminated.	мн	1.0	
H	- 40		34,30					
H	-							
-	-							
	-							
	-							

Remarks: PID calibrated to 100 ppm isobutylene, and then adjusted to display values which are equivalent to benzene. No odors or staining indicative of petroleum were observed during the advancement of the boring. USCS designations given for each stratigraphic unit.

Test Boring Log for B-13.

COCA-COLA PROPERTY Route 14 East Montpelier, Vermont

SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc. 195 Commerce Way Portsmouth, New Hampshire 03801

Project No: C-8271-02:03 Contractor: GWTB

Drilling Method: HSA

Project Name: Coca-Cola/VT

BORING NO: B-14

Date Completed: 4/29/93

Surface Elevation: 743.36 feet

Logged by: MJF

Total Depth: 42.0 feet

Location: 10± feet east of former diesel dispenser excavation

Sheet 1 of 1

Sheet Fol T								
Depth (feet)	Sample Depth (feet)	Blows per 6 inches	Recovery (inches)	Soil Description	USCS Log	PID+ (ppm)		
051015202530354045	1' - 3' 5' - 7' 10' - 12' 15' - 17' 20' - 22' 25' - 27' 30' - 32' 40' - 42'	12,14, 9,8 4,6, 6,7 3,4, 7,8 5,10, 17,30 28,50, 55,66 23,40, 36,50 10,24, 43,48 7,15, 24,35 17,25 43,70		brown, medium to coarse SAND and gravel (fill). grey-brown, silty CLAY; wet, dense, fine sandy laminae. (as above) (as above) (as above) 12"/tan-grey, fine to medium silty SAND, dry, finely laminated to 6"/grey-brown, clay SILT. grey-brown, clay SILT; fine sandy laminae, wet. (as above) 6"/ grey-brown, clay SILT to 14"/tan-grey, fine sandy SILT; dry, finely laminated.	SM ML MH	0.6 0.6 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7		

Remarks: PID calibrated to 100 ppm isobutylene, and then adjusted to display values which are equivalent to benzene. No odors or staining indicative of petroleum were observed during the advancement of the boring. USCS designations given for each stratigraphic unit.

Test Boring Log for B-14.

COCA-COLA PROPERTY Route 14 East Montpelier, Vermont

SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc. 195 Commerce Way

Project Name: Coca-Cola/VT

BORING NO: B-15

Contractor: GWTB

Date Completed: 4/29/93

Surface Elevation: 743.02 feet

Logged by: MJF

Location: 10± feet north of former diesel UST excavation

Total Depth: 37.0 feet Drilling Method: HSA

Sheet 1 of 1

	(feet)	Sample Depth (feet)	Blows per 6 inches	Recovery (inches)	Soil Description	USCS Log	PID*
	0						
1	5	1' - 3'	3,4, 3,3	18"	brown, medium to coarse SAND and gravel (fill).		0.6
1		5* - 7'	6,8, 10,11	16"	grey-brown, silty CLAY; wet, dense, fine sandy laminae.	CL	0.5
1	_ 10	10' - 12'	5,9, 10,9	20"	(as above)		0.5
1	_ 15	15' - 17'	4,7, 8,10	20"	grey-brown, clay SILT; fine sandy laminae, wet.		0.5
1	_ 20	20' - 22'	4,6,	18"	(as above)	ML	0.6
-	_ 25	25' - 27'	6,7 4,10,	16"	(as above)	:	0.6
-	_30	30' - 32'	14,14	18"	12"/grey-brown, clay SILT to 6"/tan, fine sandy SILT.	 	0.6
-	- 35	35' - 37'	13,16 11,18,	24"	tan-grey, fine sandy SILT; dry, finely laminated.	MH	0.6
-	– 40	1	29,27			Ţ -	
-							
	<u> </u>						
٦		1				<u>L.</u>	

Remarks: PID calibrated to 100 ppm isobutylene, and then adjusted to display values which are equivalent to benzene. No odors or staining indicative of petroleum were observed during the advancement of the boring. USCS designations given for each stratigraphic unit.

Test Boring Log for B-15.

COCA-COLA PROPERTY Route 14

East Montpelier, Vermont

SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc. 195 Commerce Way

Project No: C-8271-02:03

Contractor: GWTB Logged by: MJF

Drilling Method: HSA

Project Name: Coca-Cola/VT Date Completed: 4/29/93

Location: 160± feet SW of building

Total Depth: 40.0 feet

BORING NO: B-16 Surface Elevation: 720,00 ft

WELL NO: SG-4

Wellhead Elevation: 723.01 ft

Sheet 1 of 1

Standpipe Height 3.01 Cement Seal Bottom of Casing 1.99 Standpipe Height 3.01 Cement Seal Bottom of Seal Bottom
55

Remarks: PID calibrated to 100 ppm isobutylene, and then adjusted to display values which are equivalent to benzene. No odors or staining indicative of petroleum were observed during the advancement of the boring. Depth measurements given in feet below ground surface.

Test Boring Log and Monitoring Well Construction Detail for B-16/SG-4.

COCA-COLA PROPERTY Route 14

East Montpelier, Vermont

SHEVENELL~GALLEN and Associates, Inc.

195 Commerce Way

Portsmouth, New Hampshire 03801

APPENDIX E
Site Survey Data

A P P E N D I X E SURVEY DATA WORK SHEET

 Date:
 4/29/93

 Iob No:
 C-8271-02:03

 Size Location:
 East Montpeller, VT
 Mark J. Fisher Brian Hussey Surveyor: Rod Holder:

	LOCATION		STADIA ROD I	EADING		1	JLATED DATA		ERROR
		Lower	Middle	Upper	Angle	Location	Distance	Rievation	Distance(:f)
	Station No.:		1			Reference Elevation:	_	720.00	
Ref. Location	SG-4/8-16, GS	14.76	15.19	15.62	181.0	SG-4/8-16, GS	86.0	720.00	
(el Location	2 SG-4/B-16 PVC	11.75	12.18	12.61	181.0	SG-4/B-16, PVC	86.0	723.01	c
	3 cast swale	3.40	3.50	3.60	43.5	cast swale	20.0	731.69	0
	4 south swelp	6.50	6.95	7.40	150.0	south swale	90.0	728.24	0
	Station No:		2			Reference Elevation:		731.69	
Ref. Location	east swale	15.32	15.96	16.60	301.5	east swale	128.0	731.69	· · · · · · · · · · ·
Ner. Littleton	2 south swale	19.09	19.50	19.9L	253.5	south swale	82.0	728.15	
	3 B-15	3.90	4.63	5.36	334.0	B-15	146.0	743.02	0
	4 B-12	3.25	3.76	4.27	334.0	B-12	102.0	743.89	•
	5 SG-3/8-11, GS	3.43	3.81	4.19	328.0	SG-3/B-11, GS	76.0	743.84	
	6 SG-3/B-11, PVC	3.68	4,06	4.44	328.0	SG-3/B-11, PVC	76.0	743.59	
	6 B-13	3.56	3.79	4.02	329.0	B-13	46.0	743.86	
	8 B-14	4.19	4.29	4.39	353.0	B-14	20.0	743.36	
	9 N end/fence	4.57	5.15	5.73	315.0	N end/fence	116.0	742.50	0
	O SW cnr/bldg	3.01	3.38	3.75	3520	SW car/bldg	74.0	744,27	3
	11:SW car/shed	3.02	3.32	3.62	32.0	SW cor/shed	60.0	744.33	C
	21SE car/shed	2.96	3.29	3.62	41.0	SE cnr/shed	66.0	744.36	C
1	3 SE cre/side	2.76	3.30	3.84	55.0	SE cnr/bl/g	108.0	744.35	
	13 Sie cra/olog 14 electrical line	4.50	4.65	4.80	78.0	electrical line	30.0	743.00	1
	14 electrical line 15 W side/OH door	3.05	3.40	3.75	13.5	W side/OH door	70.0	744.25	
		,,,,,,				Reference Elevation		744.27	
	Station No:	-0.89	0.30	1.49	180 6	SW cm/bldg "	238.0	744.27	
Ref. Location	SW cmr/bldg *	0.87	2.07	3.27		N end/fence	240.0	742.50	
	2 N end/fence	4.85	5.19	5.53		NW cm/bldg	68.0	739.38	
	3 NW cnr/bldg	5.05	5.29	5.53		drain/edge of roac	48.0	739.28	
	4 drain/edge of roac	3.15	3.71	4.27		B-10	112.0	740,86	
	5 B-10	2.78	3.77	3.56		0 8-9	78,0	741.40	
	6 B-9	2.78	3.18	3,44		B·8 —	52.0	741.39	- (
ļ	7 B-8	2.55	2.86	3.17		B-7	62.0	741.71	- (
į	8 3-7	2.20	2.59	2.98		01B-6	78.0	741.98	
Ì	9 B-6		2.06	2.45		0 SG-2/B-5, GS	78.0	742.51	
	10 SG-2/B-5, GS	1.67	2.31	2.70		0 SG-2/B-S, PVC	78.0	742.26	(
	11 SG-2/B-S, PVC	1.92	0.86	1.39		C B-4	106.0	743.71	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12 B-4	0.33	1.62	2 24		OB-3	124.0	742.95	,
	13 8-3	1.00		3.40		OB-2	138.0	741.86	
	14 B-Z	2.02	2.71	4.57		0 SG-1/B-1, GS	148.0	740.74	
	15 SG-1/B-1, GS	3.09	3.83	1.81		0 SG-1/B-1, PVC	148.0	743.50	!
	16 SG-1/B-1, PVC	0.33	1.07	1.89		0 NE cnr/bldg	142.0	743.39	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	17 NE cnr/bldg	0.47	1.18			0 W side/E door	1020	743.34	
	18 W side/E door	0.72		1.74		O W side/W door	68.0	739.51	
1	19 W side/W door	4.72		5.40		O water line cap	84.0	735.76	
	20 water line cap	8.39	8.81	9.23		Oroad intersection	220.0	740.87	
1	21 road intersection	2.60		4.80		_	94.0	740.16	
I	22 SW cnr/bay	3.94	4.41	4.88	171.	0 SW cnz/bay	54.0	,40.11	

Note: * = calculated value.

APPENDIX F Slug Test Theory and Data

Slug Test Theory

The Bouwer and Rice slug test (Bouwer, 1989; Bouwer and Rice, 1979) is designed for partially-or fully-penetrating wells in homogeneous, isotropic, unconfined aquifers, and the water table may be above or below the top of the screened section of the well. The test assumes radial flow to the well, such that the drawdown in the vicinity of the well is negligible. It also assumes that the volume of water is removed instantaneously. However, acceptable data can be collected if pumping or bailing is done quickly compared to the length of the test.

Only one time - water level pair is need to calculate hydraulic conductivity using this test. However, it is desirable to determine several pairs to evaluate the legitimate portion of the data and to minimize measurement variability and error by best fitting the data to a curve predicted by theory. Water level data were collected for an appropriate period of time to ensure that rapid drainage from the filter pack was no longer affecting the data, and to determine, if applicable, the time after which the radial flow assumption became invalid. Hydraulic conductivity is calculated as

$$K = \frac{r_c^2 \ln (R_e/r_w)}{2Lt} \ln \frac{y_0}{y_t}$$

where

 $K = hydraulic conductivity L^3T^{-1}$

r_c = well casing radius L

 \tilde{R}_e = effective well radius over which head loss is dissipated L

 r_w = radial distance to undisturbed portion of aquifer from center line of well L

L = screened interval in saturated zone L

t = time T

 y_0 = head drop in well at t = 0 L

 y_t = head drop in well at t = t L.

The well casing radius needs to be adjusted if the water level rises in the screened interval, as was the case for these tests, to account for the porosity of the filter pack:

$$r_a = [r_c^2 + n (r_w^2 - r_c^2)]^{1/2}$$

where ra is the adjusted radius and n is the porosity of the filter pack.

The term $\ln (R_e/r_w)$ is determined by using curves that relate dimensionless coefficients (A, B and C) to L/r_w (Bouwer and Rice, 1979). The term $\ln (R_e/r_w)$ is obtained from

$$\ln (R_o/r_w) = \left[\frac{1.1}{\ln(H/r_w)} + \frac{A + B \ln[(D - H)/r_w]}{L/r_w} \right]^{-1}$$

for a partially-penetrating well, and

$$\ln (R_e/r_w) = \left[\frac{1.1}{\ln(H/r_w)} + \frac{C}{L/r_w}\right]^{-1}$$

for a fully-penetrating well, where

H = distance from static water table to bottom of screen L

D = static saturated thickness L.

Slug test data were analyzed using AQTESOLVTM software (Duffield and Rumbaugh, 1991). Required input parameters are y_0 , r_a , r_w , L, H and D (summarized in the table below), and the time - water level data. The value for y_0 was determined by extrapolating water-level data to t=0. For

 $r_c = 0.0833 \text{ feet}$

n = 0.40

 $r_{\rm w} = 0.323 \, {\rm feet},$

corresponding to a two-inch inside-diameter well casing installed in a boring advanced with a 7.75-inch outside-diameter auger, the adjusted well radius is 0.214 feet (2.57 inches). A porosity of 0.40 is typical for sand (Freeze and Cherry, 1979), and has also been estimated by SHEVENELL-GALLEN and Associates, Inc., in a previous laboratory experiment. The saturated thickness (D) was calculated by subtracting the static water depth from an estimated depth-to-bedrock value of 200 feet determined from local well-driller's logs. Hydraulic conductivity is not sensitive to errors in choosing this value if the bottom of screened portion of the well is far (greater than a few feet) from the bedrock (or confining) surface (Peckenham et al., 1993).

TABLE E-1. Parameters Used for Slug Test Analysis

SG-2	SG-4
0.37	0,24
0.214	0.214
0.323	0.323
5.61	9.00
5.61	9.00
144.61	171.00
	0.37 0.214 0.323 5.61 5.61

Note: all values given in feet.

REFERENCES CITED

Bouwer, H., 1989. The Bower and Rice slug test - an update, Groundwater, 27:304-309.

Bouwer, H. and R. Rice, 1976. A slug test for determining hydraulic conductivity of unconfined aquifers with completely or partially penetrating wells, *Water Resources Research*, 12:423-428.

Freeze, R. A. and J. A. Cherry, 1979. *Groundwater*, Prentice-Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, p. 29.

Duffield, G.M. and J.O. Rumbaugh, III, 1991. AQTESOLVTM Aquifer Test Solver, Version 1.1 R4, Geraghty & Miller, Inc.

Peckenham, J.M., S.J. Stresky, and T.C. Shevenell, 1993. Conductivity determination in fine-grained soils and the effect on groundwater remediation, in Proceedings of Lessons Learned in the Remediation of Petroleum-Contaminated Sites in Maine (in preparation), Maine Department of Environmental Protection.

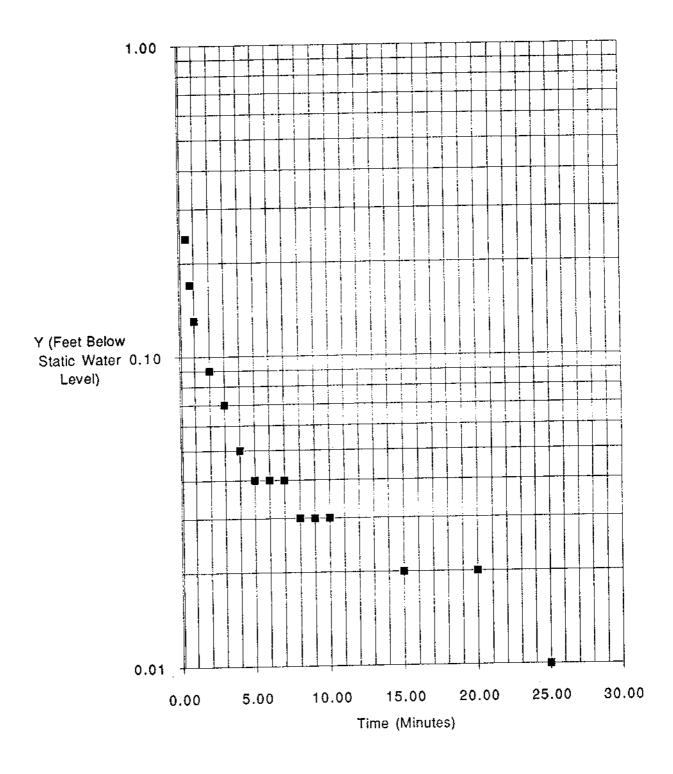
Coca Cola Property, East Montpelier, VT Monitoring Well SG-2

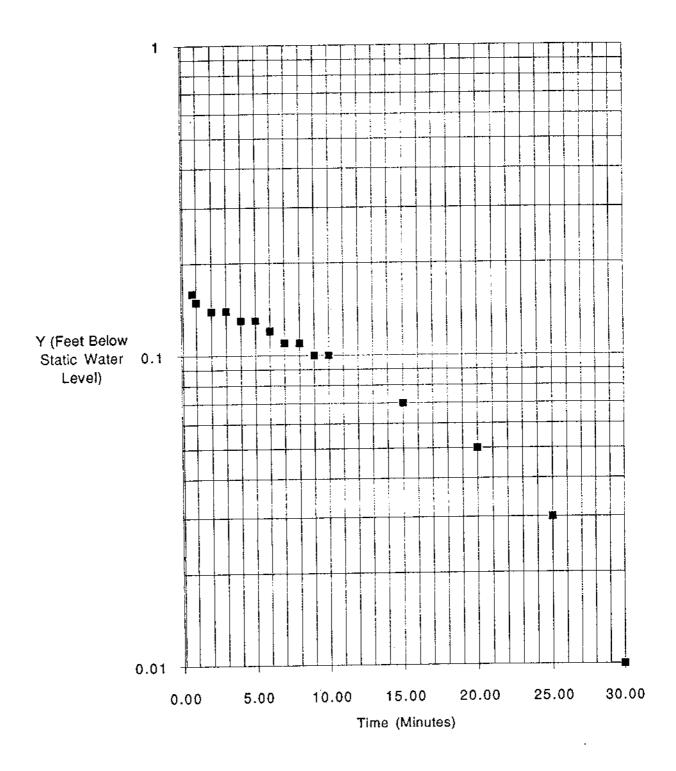
Monitoring Well SG-4

	SWL:	55.58		ſ	SWL:	32.08]
	01, 2.	Depth	Depth	`		Depth	Depth
Time (min.)) y	(corrected)	(w/TLC)	Time (min.)	у	(corrected)	(w/TLC)
0.25	0.26	55.84	55.84	0.25	0.24	32.32	32.32
0.50	0.24	55.82	55.82	0.50	0.20	32.28	32.28
0.75	0.17	55.75	55.75	0.75	0.16	32.24	32.24
1.00	0.13	55.71	55.71	1.00	0.15	32.23	32.23
2.00	0.09	55.67	55.67	2.00	0.14	32.22	32.22
3.00	0.07	55.65	55.65	3.00	0.14	32.22	32.22
4.00	0.05	55.63	55.63	4.00	0.13	32.21	32.21
5.00	0.04	55.62	55.62	5.00	0.13	32.21	32.21
6.00	0.04	55.62	55.62	6.00	0.12	32.20	32.20
7.00	0.04	55.62	55.62	7.00	0.11	32.19	32.19
8.00	0.03	55.61	55.61	8.00	0.11	32.19	32.19
9.00	0.03	55.61	55.61	9.00	0.10	32.18	32.18
10.00	0.03	55.61	55.61	10.00	0.10	32.18	32.18
15.00	0.02	55.60	55.60	15.00	0.07	32.15	32.15
20.00	0.02	55.60	55.60	20.00	0.05	32.13	32.13
25.00	0.02	55.59	55.59	25.00	0.03	32.11	32.11
45,00	0.01	20.05	· -	30.00	0.01	32.09	32.09

Notes: 1. SWL = static water level.

^{2.} y = head drop (feet below static water level).





APPENDIX G Analytical Results



Mr. Mark J. Fisher
Shevenell Gallen and Associates, Inc. (T)
44 Exchange Street, Suite 200
Portland, ME 04101

May 17, 1993

Re: Coca-Cola / East Montpelier

C-8271-02.03

Enclosed are the results of the analyses on your sample(s). Please see individual reports for specific methodologies and references.

If you have any further questions on the analytical methods or these results, do not hesitate to call.

Lab Number Sample Date 31081-01 4/30/93 31081-02 4/30/93 31081-03 4/30/93 31081-04 4/30/93 31081-05 4/30/93 31081-06 4/30/93 31081-08 4/30/93 31081-08 4/30/93 31081-09 4/30/93	SG-1 SG-1 SG-2 SG-2 SG-3 SG-3 SG-4 SG-4 Field Blank	Analysis EPA 602 Mod. EPA 8100	Remarks Hold
31081-09 4/30/93 31081-10 4/30/93	Field Blank Trip Blank		Hold

Analytics Environmental Laboratory is certified by the states of New Hampshire, Maine, Massachusetts and Florida. A list of actual certified tests is available upon request.

Authorized signature_

Kenneth W. Teague, Presiden



Shevenell Gallen and Associates, Inc. (T)

44 Exchange Street, Suite 200

Portland,

ME 04101

CLIENT SAMPLE ID

Client Project: Coca-Cola / East Montpelier

Project Number: C-8271-02.03

Station ID:

SG-1

May 17, 1993

SAMPLE DATA

Lab #:

31081-01

Matrix:

Water

Percent Solid: Dilution Factor: N/A 1.00

Collection Date:

4/30/93

Lab Receipt Date:

5/3/93

Analysis Date:

5/3/93

ANALYTICAL RESULTS PURGEABLE AROMATICS

COMPOUND	Detection Limit µg/L	: Result: μg/L	
		ND	
Benzene	5		
Toluene	5	ND	
Ethylbenzene	5	ND	
o-Xylene	5	ND	
m&p-Xylene	5	ND	
Methyl t-butyl ether	5	ND	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Surrogate Standard Rec	overy	
	d4-1,2-Dichloroethane	95%	
	d8-Toluene	99 K	
	Bromofluorobenzene	94 %	
D=None Detected <=Les	s than >=Greater than	PR=Present but not calibrated for	

METHODOLOGY: Water sample analysis was conducted according to "40 CFR Part 136, Modified EPA Method 624" and other matrices were analyzed according to "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Modified SW-846 Method 8240."

COMMENTS:

Authorized signature

Kenneth W. Teague, President



Shevenell Gallen and Associates, Inc. (T)

44 Exchange Street, Suite 200

Portland,

ME 04101

CLIENT SAMPLE ID

Client Project: Coca-Cola / East Montpelier

Project Number: C-8271-02.03

Station ID: SG-2

May 17, 1993

SAMPLE DATA

Lab #:

31081-03

Matrix: Percent Solid: Water N/A

Dilution Factor:

N/A 1.00

Collection Date: Lab Receipt Date: 4/30/93 5/3/93

Analysis Date:

5/3/93

ANALYTICAL RESULTS PURGEABLE AROMATICS

COMPOUND	Detection Limi µg/L	t: Result: μg/L
Benzene	5	ND
Toluene	5	ND
Ethylbenzene	5	ND
o-Xylene	5	ND.
m&p-Xylene	5	ND
Methyl t-butyl ether	5	ND
	Surrogate Standard Re	covery
	d4-1,2-Dichloroethane	102 %
	d8-Toluene	101%
	Bromofluorobenzene	97 %
ND=None Detected <=Les	ss than >=Greater than	PR=Present but not calibrated for

METHODOLOGY: Water sample analysis was conducted according to "40 CFR Part 136, Modified EPA Method 624" and other matrices were analyzed according to "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Modified SW-846 Method 8240."

COMMENTS:

Authorized signature_

Kenneth W. Teague, President -



Shevenell Gallen and Associates, Inc. (T)

44 Exchange Street, Suite 200

Portland,

ME 04101

CLIENT SAMPLE ID

Coca-Cola / East Montpelier Client Project:

Project Number: C-8271-02.03

Station ID:

SG-3

May 17, 1993

SAMPLE DATA

Lab #:

31081-05

Matrix:

Water

Percent Solid:

N/A

Dilution Factor:

1.00

Collection Date:

4/30/93

Lab Receipt Date:

5/3/93

Analysis Date:

5/3/93

ANALYTICAL RESULTS PURGEABLE AROMATICS

COMPOUND	Detection Limi μg/L	t: Result: μg/L	
	5	ND	
Benzene	_	< 5	
Toluene	5		
Ethylbenzene	5	ND	
o-Xylene	5	ND	
m&p-Xylene	5	ND	
Methyl t-butyl ether	5	ND	
	Surrogate Standard Re	ecovery	
	d4-1,2-Dichloroethane	105 %	
	d8-Toluene	98%	
	Bromofluorobenzene	99 %	
ID=None Detected <=Les	s than >=Greater than	PR=Present but not calibrated for	

METHODOLOGY: Water sample analysis was conducted according to "40 CFR Part 136, Modified EPA Method 624" and other matrices were analyzed according to

"Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Modified SW-846 Method 8240."

COMMENTS:

Authorized signature



Shevenell Gallen and Associates, Inc. (T)

44 Exchange Street, Suite 200

Portland.

ME 04101

CLIENT SAMPLE ID

Coca-Cola / East Montpelier Client Project:

Project Number: C-8271-02.03

SG-4 Station ID:

May 17, 1993

SAMPLE DATA

Lab #:

31081-07

Matrix:

Water

Percent Solid:

N/A 1.00

Dilution Factor: Collection Date:

4/30/93

Lab Receipt Date:

5/3/93

Analysis Date:

5/3/93

ANALYTICAL RESULTS PURGEABLE AROMATICS

COMPOUND	Detection Limi µg/L	t: Result: µg/L	
Benzene	5	ND	
Toluene	5	< 5	
Ethylbenzene	5	ND	
o-Xylene	5	ND ND	
m&p-Xylene	5		
Methyl t-butyl ether	5	ND	
<u> </u>	Surrogate Standard Ro	ecovery	
	d4-1,2-Dichloroethane	107 %	
	d8-Toluene	101%	
	Bromofluorobenzene	97 %	
D=None Detected <=Let	ss than >=Greater than	PR=Present but not calibrated for	

METHODOLOGY: Water sample analysis was conducted according to "40 CFR Part 136,

Modified EPA Method 624" and other matrices were analyzed according to

"Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Modified SW-846 Method 8240."

COMMENTS:

Authorized signature



Shevenell Gallen and Associates, Inc. (T)

44 Exchange Street, Suite 200

Portland.

ME

04101

Coca-Cola / East Montpelier

Project Number: C-8271-02.03

Station ID:

Client Project:

SG-1

May 17, 1993

Lab #:

31081-02

Matrix:

Water

Percent Solid:

N/A

Dilution Factor:

1.03

4/30/93 Collection Date: Lab Receipt Date: 5/3/93

Extraction Date: 5/7/93

Analysis Date:

5/12/93

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBON ANALYSIS

Sample	Result	Units	Detection Limit
31081-02	ND	μg/L	52

ND denotes none detected.

Surrogate Standard Recovery

m-Terphenyl

85%

Methodology: Water samples prepared by Separatory Funnel Liquid/Liquid Extraction, "Test

Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste," Method 3510; other matrices prepared by Soxhlet Extraction, "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste," Method 3540. All matrices were analyzed according to "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid

Waste, Modified SW-846 Method 8100."

Comments:



Shevenell Gallen and Associates, Inc. (T)

44 Exchange Street, Suite 200

Portland.

ME

04101

Client Project:

Coca-Cola / East Montpelier

Project Number: C-8271-02.03

Station ID:

SG-2

May 17, 1993

Lab #:

31081-04

Matrix:

Water

Percent Solid:

N/A

Dilution Factor:

1.08

Collection Date: Lab Receipt Date: 5/3/93

4/30/93

Extraction Date:

5/7/93

Analysis Date:

5/12/93

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBON ANALYSIS

Sample	Result	Units	Detection Limit
31081-04	ND	μg/L	54

ND denotes none detected.

Surrogate Standard Recovery

m-Terphenyl

76%

Methodology: Water samples prepared by Separatory Funnel Liquid/Liquid Extraction, "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste," Method 3510; other matrices prepared by

Soxhlet Extraction, "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste," Method 3540. All matrices were analyzed according to "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid

Waste, Modified SW-846 Method 8100."

Comments:

Kenneth W. Teague, Presi



Shevenell Gallen and Associates, Inc. (T)

44 Exchange Street, Suite 200

Portland,

ME 04101

Coca-Cola / East Montpelier Client Project:

Project Number: C-8271-02.03

Station ID:

SG-3

May 17, 1993

Lab #:

31081-06

Matrix:

Water

Percent Solid:

N/A

Dilution Factor:

1.04

Collection Date:

4/30/93

Lab Receipt Date: 5/3/93 Extraction Date:

5/7/93

Analysis Date:

5/12/93

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBON ANALYSIS

Sample	Result	Units	Detection Limit
31081-06	132	μg/L	52

Surrogate Standard Recovery

m-Terphenyl

70%

Methodology: Water samples prepared by Separatory Funnel Liquid/Liquid Extraction, "Test

Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste," Method 3510; other matrices prepared by Soxhlet Extraction, "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste," Method 3540. All matrices were analyzed according to "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid

Waste, Modified SW-846 Method 8100."

Comments: Quantitation performed based on a No. 2 Fuel Oil standard.

Revised 5/19/93.

Kenneth W. Teague, President



Shevenell Gallen and Associates, Inc. (T)

44 Exchange Street, Suite 200

Portland.

04101 ME

Client Project:

Coca-Cola / East Montpelier

Project Number: C-8271-02.03

Station ID:

SG-4

May 17, 1993

Lab #:

31081-08

Matrix:

Water

Percent Solid:

N/A

Dilution Factor: Collection Date:

1.04 4/30/93

Lab Receipt Date: 5/3/93

Extraction Date:

5/7/93

Analysis Date:

5/12/93

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBON ANALYSIS

Sample	Result	Units	Detection Limit
31081-08	107	μg/L	52

Surrogate Standard Recovery

m-Terphenyl

70%

Methodology: Water samples prepared by Separatory Funnel Liquid/Liquid Extraction, "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste," Method 3510; other matrices prepared by Soxhlet Extraction, "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste," Method 3540. All matrices were analyzed according to "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid

Waste, Modified SW-846 Method 8100."

Comments: Quantitation performed based on a No. 2 Fuel Oil standard.

Revised 5/19/93.

AN ICS ENVIR	ONMENTAL Commerce	L LABO	BATORY, INC.	CODES	:	For Analytics use only:					
Portsmouth, Phone: (603) 438	436-0154	Matrix Key: W= Water S= Soil /S O= Oil E= Extrac X= Other Preservation 1= Ice 2= H2SO 3= HNO3 4= HCI 5= Other	ludge t n:	Sample 1) Shipp 2) Amb 3) Rece 4) Prop 6 or 5) Rec	by:						
Station Location	Analysis (one per li	l	Matrix	Container	Preservation	Analytics Sample #'s	Devise 1				
S L - (#/30/53	Time	m. 602	····	w	40 ml	Hel	31081-01	-18		
56-1		-1	m. 1100		1	16	ICE	-02			
S6- 2		10 . 25	m,602	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		410 ml	HCL	-03			
<u> 56 - 2</u>		1,	m, 81w			ار	ICE	-04	Time		
S(- 3		11:05	m.602			110 ml	HCL	-05	5.3		
56-3		-,	m. 8140			16	166	-Ola	1		
S6 - 4		11:35	m. 6 02			40 22	Hel	-67	Date: ∀/5°		
SC-4	1	,,	n. 8140		1	۱۲	ادخ	-08			
Field Blank @	4/31/93	11:45	hold	, (per MF)	W	1.40.00	(1/4	-09			
Trup Blank @	4/23/93		hold	(per MF)	W	1-40 m	1/4	-10			
Comments/Instructions: 5/17/93 Per M. Fis 5/19/93 Per M. Fis	sher, pl. sher, gi	s que udur	ntitute S&3 based are SG-4 on No	on No. 3 2 FD	z Fo Std.	Stal.		e woults ob	,		
TURNAROUND RE	Revisions:					and the second second	T Ag				
Standard Priority						Date Initial	Relinquished				
								Date India)	- kg		

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

Eight Walkup Drive Westborough, Massachusetts 01581-1019 (508) 898-9220

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006 RI A65 CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Client: Shevenelle-Gallen & Assoc.

Laboratory Job Number: L9303563

Address: 195 Commerce Way

Invoice Number: 52301

Portsmouth, NH 03801

Date Received: 03-MAY-93

Attn: Mark J. Fisher

Date Reported: 17-MAY-93

Project Number: C-8271-02-03

Delivery Method: Alpha

Site: Coca-Cola

ALPHA SAMPLE NUMBER	CLIENT IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE LOCATION
L9303563-01	86-1	East Montpelier
L9303563·02	\$6~2	East Montpelier
L9303563-03	\$6-3	East Montpelier
L9303563-04	S6-4	East Montpelier

Authorized by:

Scott McLean - Laboratory Director

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006 RI A65

Laboratory Sample Number: L9303563-01

Date Received: 03-MAY-93

S6-1

Sample Matrix:

WATER

Date Reported: 17-MAY-93

Condition of Sample: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: 2 Amber Glass

PARAMETER		RESULT	UNITS	RDL	REF	METHOD	DATES PREP ANALYSIS
Hydrocarbons,	Total	ND	mg/l	0.50	1	418.1	10-May 11-May

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006 RI A65

Laboratory Sample Number: L9303563-02

Date Received: 03-MAY-93

Sample Matrix:

S6-2 WATER

Date Reported: 17-MAY-93

Condition of Sample: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: 2 Amber Glass

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	RDL	REF	METHOD	DATES PREP ANALYSIS
Hydrocarbons, Total	ND	mg/l	0.50	1	418.1	10-May 11-May

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006 RI A65

Laboratory Sample Number: L9303563-03

Date Received: 03-MAY-93

S6-3 WATER

Sample Matrix:

Date Reported: 17-MAY-93

Condition of Sample: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: 2 Amber Glass

PARAMETER		RESULT	UNITS	RDL	REF	METHOD	DATES PREP ANALYSIS
Hydrocarbons,	Total	ND	mg/l	0.50	1	418.1	10-May 11-May

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006 RI A65

Laboratory Sample Number: L9303563-04

Date Received: 03-MAY-93

S6-4

WATER Sample Matrix:

Date Reported: 17-MAY-93

Condition of Sample: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: 2 Amber Glass

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	RDL	REF METHOD	DATES PREP ANALYSIS
Hydrocarbons, Total	ND	mg/l	0.50	1 418.1	10-May 11-May

Comments: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

05179310:03 Page 5

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES QUALITY ASSURANCE DUPLICATE ANALYSIS

Laboratory Job Number: L9303563

Parameter	Value 1	Value 2	RPD	Units
Hydrocarbons, Total	DUPLICATE	for sample((s) 01-04	
	3.2	3.2	0	mg/l

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES QUALITY ASSURANCE SPIKE ANALYSES

Laboratory Job Number: L9303563

Parameter	% Recovery
Hydrocarbons, Total	SPIKE for sample(s) 01-04

95

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

1.	Test 846.	Methods 1986.	for	Evaluating	Solid	Waste:	Physical/Chemical	Methods.	EPA SW-	

Analytical 1	MI	bight Walkup Westborough, 508-898-9220	MA	01					1								RECORD RECORD	No. 1 /	
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Company Address:	GALLERY + ASSOC, IN	P.O. Number:			_								/ex	ST MUR	479EL1	E~Z	5/3	5/17	
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ALPHA Lab#	Sample 1.D.	Container Codes; P = Pleafo V = Vial C = Cube G = Glass A = Ambor Glass B = Beckels Container O = Other Containers	I ฆี I	(<u>a.u.</u>	m bee	_ I	oats	incr	O L	- [-	amp	oling Time	L=	M A. Moritoring Lake/Powd Hiver Street	Well Mosen Me	HO = Ru I = ind S = \$0	CECODES Anofi O= Outfall Vi Nuont E⇔ Effluent DVI	/ = Wall Lf = tax / = Oxinking Water = Bottom Sedima	
(Let Use Only)	Sample 1.D.	(number/type)	X	2	4	7	<u>지</u>	픠	ैं ह	D	ate	Time	- 01	 			alysis Reques	ted	-
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Mr. Mark J. Fisher
Shevenell Gallen and Associates, Inc. (T)
44 Exchange Street, Suite 200
Portland, ME 04101

May 27, 1993

Re: Coca Cola/East Montpelier

C-8271-02:03

Enclosed are the results of the analyses on your sample(s). Please see individual reports for specific methodologies and references.

If you have any further questions on the analytical methods or these results, do not hesitate to call.

Lab Number Sample Date 31167-01 5/17/93 31167-02 5/17/93 31167-03 5/17/93 31167-04 5/17/93 31167-05 5/17/93 31167-06 5/17/93 31167-07 5/17/93 31167-09 5/17/93 31167-10 5/17/93 31167-11 5/17/93	Station Location SG-1 SG-1 SG-2 SG-2 SG-3 SG-3 SG-4 SG-4 Field Blank SG-1 Dup Trip Blank	Analysis. EPA 602 Mod. EPA 8100	Remarks Hold Hold Hold
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Analytics Environmental Laboratory is certified by the states of New Hampshire, Maine, Massachusetts and Florida. A list of actual certified tests is available upon request.

Authorized signature_

Kenneth W. Teague, President



Shevenell Gallen and Associates, Inc. (T)

44 Exchange Street, Suite 200

Portland,

04101 ME

Client Project:

Coca Cola/East Montpelier

Project Number: C-8271-02:03

Station ID:

SG-1

May 27, 1993

Lab #:

31167-02

Matrix:

Water

Percent Solid:

N/A

Dilution Factor:

1.02 5/17/93

Collection Date: Lab Receipt Date: 5/19/93

Extraction Date:

5/24/93

Analysis Date:

5/26/93

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBON ANALYSIS

Sample	Result	Units	Detection Limit
31167-02	ND	μg/L	50

ND denotes none detected.

Surrogate Standard Recovery

m-Terphenyl

83%

Methodology: Water samples prepared by Separatory Funnel Liquid/Liquid Extraction, "Test

Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste," Method 3510; other matrices prepared by Soxhlet Extraction, "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste," Method 3540. All matrices were analyzed according to "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Modified SW-846 Method 8100."

Comments:



Shevenell Gallen and Associates, Inc. (T)

44 Exchange Street, Suite 200

Portland.

04101 ME

Client Project:

Coca Cola/East Montpelier

Project Number: C-8271-02:03 Station ID:

SG-2

Lab #:

31167-04

Matrix:

Water

Percent Solid: Dilution Factor:

N/A 1.0

May 27, 1993

5/17/93 Collection Date: Lab Receipt Date: 5/19/93

Extraction Date: 5/24/93

Analysis Date:

5/26/93

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBON ANALYSIS

Sample	Result	Units	Detection Limit
31167-04	ND	μg/L	50

ND denotes none detected.

Surrogate Standard Recovery

m-Terphenyl

98%

Methodology: Water samples prepared by Separatory Funnel Liquid/Liquid Extraction, "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste," Method 3510; other matrices prepared by

Soxhlet Extraction, "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste," Method 3540. All matrices were analyzed according to "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid

Waste, Modified SW-846 Method 8100."

Comments:

Kenneth W. Teague, President



Client Project:

Shevenell Gallen and Associates, Inc. (T)

44 Exchange Street, Suite 200

Portland.

ME

04101

Coca Cola/East Montpelier

Project Number: C-8271-02:03

Station ID:

SG-3

May 27, 1993

Lab #:

31167-06

Matrix:

Water

Percent Solid:

N/A

Dilution Factor:

1.0 5/17/93

Collection Date: Lab Receipt Date: 5/19/93

Extraction Date:

5/24/93

Analysis Date:

5/26/93

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBON ANALYSIS

Sample	Result	Units	Detection Limit
31167-06	ND	μg/L	50

ND denotes none detected.

Surrogate Standard Recovery

m-Terphenyl

75%

Methodology: Water samples prepared by Separatory Funnel Liquid/Liquid Extraction, "Test

Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste," Method 3510; other matrices prepared by Soxhlet Extraction, "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste," Method 3540. All matrices were analyzed according to "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid

Waste, Modified SW-846 Method 8100."

Comments:



Shevenell Gallen and Associates, Inc. (T)

44 Exchange Street, Suite 200

Portland,

ME 04101

Client Project:

Coca Cola/East Montpelier

Project Number: C-8271-02:03

Station ID:

SG-4

Lab #:

31167-08

Matrix:

Water N/A

May 27, 1993

Percent Solid: N/A
Dilution Factor: 1.03

Collection Date: 5/17/93

Lab Receipt Date: 5/19/93 Extraction Date: 5/24/93

Analysis Date: 5/27/93

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBON ANALYSIS

Sample	Result	Units	Detection Limit
31167-08	ND	μg/L	50

ND denotes none detected.

Surrogate Standard Recovery

m-Terphenyl

76%

Methodology: Water samples prepared by Separatory Funnel Liquid/Liquid Extraction, "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste," Method 3510; other matrices prepared by

Soxhlet Extraction, "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste," Method 3540.

All matrices were analyzed according to "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid

Waste, Modified SW-846 Method 8100."

Comments:

Authorized signature

Kenneth W. Teague, President



Sheveneli Gallen and Associates, Inc. (T)

44 Exchange Street, Suite 200

Portland,

ME 04101

CLIENT SAMPLE ID

Client Project: Coca Cola/East Montpelier

Project Number: C-8271-02:03

Station ID:

SG-1

May 27, 1993

SAMPLE DATA

Lab #:

31167-01

Matrix:

Water

Percent Solid:

N/A

Dilution Factor:

1.0

Collection Date:

5/17/93

Lab Receipt Date:

5/19/93

Analysis Date:

5/19/93

LYTICAL RESULTS PURCEARLE AROMATICS

COMPOUND	Detection Limit	BLE AROMATICS: Result: µg/L
Benzene	5	ND
Toluene	5	ND
Ethylbenzene	5	ND
m-Xylene	5	ND
o&p-Xylene	5	ND
Methyl t-butyl ether	5	ND
<u> </u>	Surrogate Standard Re-	covery
	d4-1,2-Dichloroethane	109 %
	d8-Toluene	100 %
	Bromofluorobenzene	115%
None Detected <=Le	ss than >=Greater than	PR=Present but not calibrate

METHODOLOGY: Water sample analysis was conducted according to "40 CFR Part 136,

Modified EPA Method 624" and other matrices were analyzed according to

"Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Modified SW-846 Method 8240."

COMMENTS:

Authorized signature



Mr. Mark J. Fisher

Shevenell Gallen and Associates, Inc. (T)

44 Exchange Street, Suite 200

Portland,

ME 04101

CLIENT SAMPLE ID

Client Project:

Coca Cola/East Montpelier

Project Number: C-8271-02:03

Station ID:

SG-2

May 27, 1993

SAMPLE DATA

Lab #:

31167-03

Matrix:

Water

Percent Solid: Dilution Factor: N/A 1.0

Collection Date:

5/17/93

Lab Receipt Date:

5/19/93

Analysis Date:

5/20/93

ANALYTICAL RESULTS PURGEABLE AROMATICS

COMPOUND	Detection Limit μg/L	t: Result: µg/L
		ND
Benzene	5	ND
Toluene	5	ND
Ethylbenzene	5	ND
o-Xylene	5	ND
m&p-Xylene	5	ND
Methyl t-butyl ether	5	ND
	Surrogate Standard Re	covery
	d4-1,2-Dichloroethane	97 %
	d8-Toluene	100 %
	Bromofluorobenzene	100 %
=None Detected <=Les	s than >=Greater than	PR=Present but not calibrated

METHODOLOGY: Water sample analysis was conducted according to "40 CFR Part 136, Modified EPA Method 624" and other matrices were analyzed according to "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Modified SW-846 Method 8240."

COMMENTS:

Authorized signature



Mr. Mark J. Fisher

Shevenell Gallen and Associates, Inc. (T)

44 Exchange Street, Suite 200

Portland,

ME 04101

CLIENT SAMPLE ID

Client Project: Coca Cola/East Montpelier

Project Number: C-8271-02:03

Station ID:

SG-3

May 27, 1993

SAMPLE DATA

Lab #:

31167-05

Matrix:

Water

Percent Solid:

N/A

Dilution Factor:

1.0

Collection Date: Lab Receipt Date: 5/17/93

Analusia Datas

5/19/93

Analysis Date:

5/20/93

ANALYTICAL RESULTS PURGEABLE AROMATICS

COMPOUND	Detection Limit µg/L	: Result: μg/L
Benzene	5	ND
Toluene	5	ND
Ethylbenzene	5	ND
o-Xylene	5	ND
m&p-Xylene	5	ND
Methyl t-butyl ether	5	ND
	Surrogate Standard Rec	overy
	d4-1,2-Dichloroethane	107 %
	d8-Toluene	96%
	Bromofluorobenzene	99 %
None Detected <=Les	s than >=Greater than	PR=Present but not calibrated

METHODOLOGY: Water sample analysis was conducted according to "40 CFR Part 136, Modified EPA Method 624" and other matrices were analyzed according to

"Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Modified SW-846 Method 8240."

COMMENTS:

Authorized signature

Kenneth W. Teague, President



Mr. Mark J. Fisher

Shevenell Gallen and Associates, Inc. (T)

44 Exchange Street, Suite 200

Portland,

ME 04101

CLIENT SAMPLE ID

Coca Cola/East Montpelier Client Project:

Project Number: C-8271-02:03

SG-4 Station ID:

Water Matrix: N/A Percent Solid: Dilution Factor: 1.0 5/17/93 Collection Date:

May 27, 1993

SAMPLE DATA

Lab Receipt Date:

Lab #:

5/19/93

Analysis Date:

5/20/93

31167-07

ANALYTICAL RESULTS PURGEABLE AROMATICS

	RESULTS PURGEAB Detection Limit	: Result:
COMPOUND	μg/L	μg/L
Benzene	5	ND
Toluene	5	ND
Ethylbenzene	5	ND
o-Xylene	5	ND
m&p-Xylene	5	ND
Methyl t-butyl ether	5	ND
<u> </u>	Surrogate Standard Rec	overy
	d4-1,2-Dichloroethane	101 %
	d8-Toluene	98 %
	Bromofluorobenzene	97 %
)=None Detected <=Le	ess than >=Greater than	PR=Present but not calibrated

METHODOLOGY: Water sample analysis was conducted according to "40 CFR Part 136, Modified EPA Method 624" and other matrices were analyzed according to "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Modified SW-846 Method 8240."

COMMENTS:

Authorized signature

Portsmouth, No. Phone: (603) 436-51 roj#: 8271-02:03 Proj h company: SHEVERELL contact: MAKE T	ommercew Ham 111 Fa Name: C - 6AC - 6AC - 5AC -	e Way pshire 0: ux: (603) OCACOLA T., Poss	ASSOC. INC	JODES: Matrix Key: W= Water S= Soil /Sir O= Oil E= Extract X= Other Preservation 1= Ice 2= H2SO4 3= HNO3 4= HCI 5= Other	udg e	Samples 1) Shipp 2) Amble 3) Rece Or 4) Prop (A) or	were: ed or ! ent or (lived in go N erly preso	ood conditio	red n:	ед by:	Recoived for lab. by: Lan. Chil.
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ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

Eight Walkup Drive Westborough, Massachusetts 01581-1019 (508) 898-9220

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006 RI A65 CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Client: Shevenelle-Gallen & Assoc.

Laboratory Job Number: L9304105

Address: 195 Commerce Way

Invoice Number: 52879

Portsmouth, NH 03801

Date Received: 20-MAY-93

Attn:

Mark J. Fisher

Date Reported: 03-JUN-93

Project Number: 8271-02-03

Delivery Method: Alpha

Site: Coca Cola

ALPHA SAMPLE NUMBER	CLIENT IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE LOCATION
L9304105-01	S6-1	E. Montpelier
L9304105-02	S6-2	E. Montpelier
L9304105-03	S6-3	E. Montpelier
L9304105-04	QA-4	E. Montpelier

Authorized by:

Scott McLean - Laboratory Director

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006 RI A65

Laboratory Sample Number: L9304105-01

Date Received: 20-MAY-93

Sample Matrix:

S6-1 WATER

Date Reported: 03-JUN-93

Condition of Sample:

Satisfactory

Field Prep:

None

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	RDL	REF	METHOD	DATES PREP ANALYSIS
Hydrocarbons, Total	ND	mg/l	0.50	1	418.1	02-Jun 03-Jun

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006 RI A65

Laboratory Sample Number: L9304105-02

Date Received: 20-MAY-93

Sample Matrix:

S6-2 WATER

Date Reported: 03-JUN-93

Condition of Sample: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

PARAMETER		RESULT	UNITS	RDL	REF	METHOD	DATES PREP ANALYSIS
Hydrocarbons,	Total	ND	mg/l	0.50	1	418.1	02-Jun 03-Jun

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006 RI A65

Laboratory Sample Number: L9304105-03

Date Received: 20-MAY-93

S6-3

WATER Sample Matrix:

Date Reported: 03-JUN-93

Condition of Sample: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	RDL	REP	METHOD	DATES PREP ANALYSIS
					<u>.</u>	
Hydrocarbons, Total	ND	mg/l	0.50	1	418.1	02-Jun 03-Jun

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006 RI A65

Laboratory Sample Number: L9304105-04 QA - 4

Date Received: 20-MAY-93

Sample Matrix:

WATER

Date Reported: 03-JUN-93

Condition of Sample: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

PARAMETER		RESULT	UNITS	RDL	REF	METHOD	DATES PREP ANALYSIS
Hydrocarbons,	Total	ND	mg/l	0.50	1	418.1	02-Jun 03-Jun

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES QUALITY ASSURANCE DUPLICATE ANALYSIS

Laboratory Job Number: L9304105

Parameter	Value 1	Value 2	RPD	Units
Hydrocarbons, Total	DUPLICATE	for sample	(s) 01-04	
	0.60	0.60	0	mg/l

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES QUALITY ASSURANCE SPIKE ANALYSES

Laboratory Job Number: L9304105

Parameter	% Recovery
	SPIKE for sample(s) 01.04
Hydrocarbons, Total	SPIRE IOI SAMPIE(S) OI'04

97

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

1. Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA SW-846. 1986.

195 Commerce W		S:	For A	nalytics	use only:			
environmental laboratory Inc. Portsmouth, NH 0 Phone (603) 436-915	5111 Matrix Key 54 W= Wa				nples were: hipped or Hand-delivered			
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Company: SHEUERELL-6+LIEL + ASSUC. 1,2C.					ood condition		1	
Contact: MANK J. FISHELL	Preservat		Yo	N			16.4	K
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Phone: 207 - 761-4060 Fax: 207-761-1543	2≖ H29		4) Proj	oe rly pres r N	erveu:		57	1 2
P.O. #:	3= HN0 4= HCl				nin hold time	: :	2	
Sampler(Signature):	5= Oth	9r 	Υo	r N		···	eg D	1
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56-1 5/17/93 3:20 m.418-1 -TF	²H	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	2	2,1				
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TERMS and CONDITIONS

SHEVENELL GALLEN and Associates, Inc. (Company) proposes to perform the services described in the attached Work Plan at a charge pursuant to the attached Fee Schedule and under the conditions and circumstances as are set forth herein as follows:

- 1. Billings/Payment: Invoices for Company's services shall be submitted at Company's option, either upon completion of such services or at the end of each calendar month, and mailed to Client at the address indicated above. All such invoices shall be payable upon receipt, and in the event that payment is not duly made within fifteen (15) days, the outstanding balance shall bear interest at the rate of one and a half (1.5%) per month from date of original billing or at the highest interest rate permitted by law, whichever is less. It is further understood and agreed that if Client fails to pay any invoice due to Company within thirty (30) days after the date thereof, Company, without waiving any other claim or right against Client, and without liability whatsoever to Client, may terminate its performance hereimder. In the event that against Client, and without liability whatsoever to Client, with an agency or an attorney for collection, Client shall pay all costs and expenses of such collection, including without limitation attorney's fees and court costs, if any.
- 2. Limitations: Client recognizes that Company's services are solely for the benefit of Client and require decisions which are not based upon pure science but rather upon judgemental considerations. Company shall perform its services in accordance with generally accepted practices. Client agrees that such services shall be rendered without any warranty, expressed or implied, and that Company shall be responsible solely for its own negligence.
- 3. Professional Liability: Client agrees to assume the defense of and to indemnify and hold harmless to such extent as will limit any and all liability, claims for damages, cost of defense, or expenses which may be brought, levied against, or incurred by Company on account of any claimed error, omission, or negligence to a sum not to exceed the aggregate of Company invoices submitted hereunder. Client further agrees to notify contractor or subcontractor who may perform work in connection with any report or study prepared by Company, of such limitation of Professional Liability for errors, omissions, or professional negligences, and to require, as a condition precedent of their performing work, a like indemnity and limitation of liability on their part as against Company. In the event that Client fails to obtain a like indemnity and limitation of liability, any liability of Company to such contractor or subcontractor arising out of alleged error, omissions or professional negligence shall be allocated between Client and Company in such a manner that the aggregate liability of the Company to all parties, including client, shall not exceed the aggregate amount of invoices submitted hereunder.

In the event that the Client makes claim against Company, at Law or otherwise, for any alleged error, omission, or act arising out of the performance of Company's services, and the Client fails to prove such claim upon final adjudication, then the Client shall pay all costs incurred by Company in defending itself against such claim, including, without limitation, personnel-related costs, attorneys' fees, court costs, and other claim-related expenses, including, without limitation, costs, fees and expenses of expenses.

Company will not be liable for damage or injury arising from damage to or interference with subterranean structures (including without limitation, pipes, tanks, telephone cables, etc.) which are not called to Company's attention and not correctly shown on the plans furnished by Client in connection with work performed under this Work Plan.

- 4. Right of Entry: Client hereby grants to Company or represents and warrants (if the project location is not owned by Client) that permission has been duly granted for the Right of Entry from time to time, by Company, its agents, staff, consultants, and contractors or subcontractors, upon the project location for the purpose of performing and with the right to perform all acts, studies, and research, including without limitation the making of test borings and other soil and water samplings, pursuant to the Work Plan. The Client hereby recognizes that the use of exploration equipment may unavoidably affect, alter, or damage the terrain and affect vegetation, buildings, structures, and equipment in, at, or upon the area being studied. Client accepts the fact that this is inherent to Company's work and will not hold Company liable or responsible for any such reasonable effect, alteration or damage.
- 5. Public Liability: Company represents and warrants that its staff are protected by Worker's Compensation insurance with statutory limits; and that Company has such coverage under Public Liability and Property Damage insurance policies which Company deems adequate. Certificates for all such policies of insurance shall be provided to Client upon written request. Only within and only to the extent of the limits and conditions of such insurance, Company agrees to indemnify and save Client harmless from any claims, demands, suits, or liabilities arising from any negligent acts by Company, its agents, staff, contractors or consultants employed or engaged by it. In no event shall Company be liable or responsible for my loss, damage, or liability, including but not limited to fire and explosion, beyond the amounts, limits, and conditions of such insurance, or if such loss, damage, or liability is excluded from such coverage of such insurance.

6. Duty of Client: Client agrees to defend and save Company harmless from all liability, claims, demands, and suits, including expenses of suit and reasonable attorneys' fees, arising from personal injuries, including disease and/or death, property loss or damage, injuries to others (including personnel of Client and of Company, its contractors and subcontractors performing work hereunder), or from air, water, or ground pollution or environmental degradation arising out of or in any marmer connected with or related to the performance of this Work Plan, except if such injury, loss, or damage shall be caused by the sole negligence or willful misconduct of Company, its employees, agents, or representatives.

It shall be the duty of Client to advise Company promptly of any known or reasonably knowable hazardous substances or any condition existing in, on, or near the premises upon which work is to be performed by Company's employees or subcontractors that presents a potential or possible health hazard or nuisance. If Client fails to advise Company or, notwithstanding such advice, unanticipated occurrences of such substances or conditions are discovered during the course of the work, and such discovery in the judgement of Company results in or may result in injury or a health risk to persons, whether Company's personnel, Client's personnel, or others Client agrees that it shall assume full responsibility and liability and shall hold Company harmless from any or all claims, demands, suits, or liabilities for personal injury including disease, medical expenses, including but not limited to continued health monitoring and/or death, property damage, economic loss, including consequential damages.

If any unforeseen hazardous substances or other unforeseen conditions are encountered during execution of the work which, in the judgement of the Company, significantly affect or may affect the work or the recommended Work Plan, Company will notify Client as soon as practicable. In that event, Client and Company agree to pursue one of the following: (1) If practicable, in the judgement of the Company, complete the original Work Plan; (2) Modify the Work Plan and budget estimate to include study of the previously unforeseen conditions, with this Contact being amended accordingly and in writing; or (3) Terminate the Work Plan. In the event of termination, Client agrees to pay Company in full for all work completed and fees due until written termination notice has been received by Company and to pay all costs incurred by Company prior to and in connection with discontinuing the work hereunder, such as completion of files and preparation of a written report to Client of findings to date of termination and all costs associated with subcontract termination.

- 7. Confidentiality: Company will not knowingly release information regarding work for client, except for information that is in the public domain or is provided by third parties, to any person other than Client and to persons designated by Client. Company may notify Client of conditions, if identified, which in Company's professional opinion, may present a potential public health or public safety hazard. It is the Client's responsibility to release and to notify appropriate public agencies in a timely manner of any information that may be necessary to preserve public health or public safety or in order to limit future public risks. Client agrees to hold Company harmless against any and all claims, demands, suits, or liabilities as a consequence of release of the information which may be necessary to preserve public health or safety. Notwithstanding the above, Company will exercise its best efforts to comply with any federal, state, county, or municipal law, regulation, ordinances, or legal obligations regarding the reporting of findings to appropriate public agencies. Client agrees to hold Company harmless against any and all claims, demands, suits or liabilities resulting from such actions by Company.
- 8. Opinions of Probable Clean-up and Disposal Costs: The Company may give opinions of probable clean-up and disposal costs as part of the Work Plan. These opinions may also involve approximate quantity estimates. The Client understands and agrees that quantity estimates are not accurate enough for clean-up and disposal bids. Company does not guarantee or warrant the accuracy of estimates of probable clean-up and disposal costs as compared to bids of Contractors, or compared to actual clean-up and disposal cost.
- 9. Documents: All reports, boring logs, field data, field notes, laboratory test data, calculations, estimates, and other documents prepared by Company as instruments of service shall remain the property of Company. Client agrees that all reports and other work furnished to Client or its agents, shall be utilized by the Client solely for the purposes of the contemplated project. Any documents prepared by Company which are not paid for by Client, shall be returned upon demand and shall not be used by Client for any purpose whatsoever. The Company will retain all pertinent records relating to performed services for a period of two (2) years following submission of the report, during which period the records will be made available to the Client at Company's Office at all reasonable times. Copies will be prepared by Company for Client for reasonable cost of reproduction.
- 10. SHEVENELL GALLEN and Associates, Inc., is an Equal Opportunity Employer.